

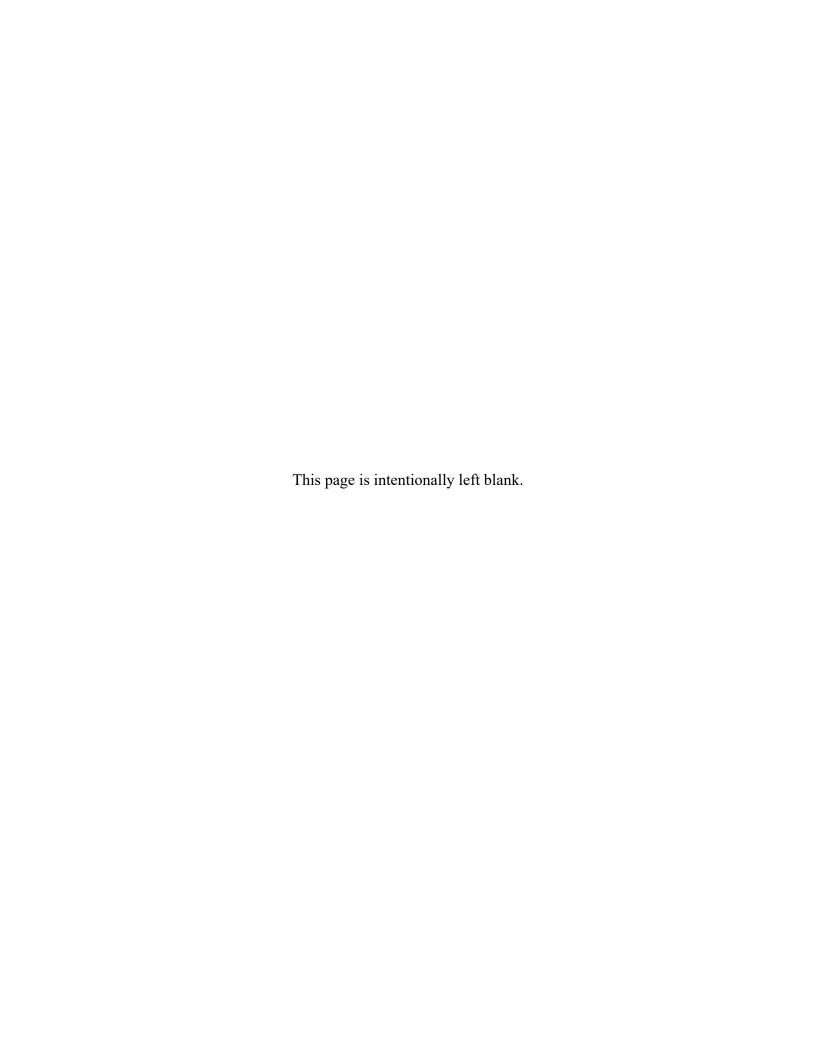
TREATMENT PLANT AND DISTRICT OFFICES

Delta Diablo

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Prepared By: Finance Division 2500 Pittsburg Antioch Hwy Antioch, California 94509



Delta Diablo, Antioch CA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Prepared by the Finance Division



Table of Contents

DELTA DIABLO Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

T 4	- 1			4.0
Intr	\mathbf{u}	1101	OPV	ction
	vu	utt	ULY	CUUII

Letter of Transmittal	i
District Principal Officers	xi
Organizational Chart	xii
Vision, Mission and Values	xiii
Location Map	xiv
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	XV
Financial Section	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	13
Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	15
Statements of Cash Flows	16
Statements of Fiduciary Net Position – Other Post-Employment Benefit True	st Fund 17
Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund	18
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	19
Required Supplementary Information Section	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan	54
Schedule of Contributions - Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan	55
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Retiree Health Funding Plan	56

Table of Contents -continued-

DELTA DIABLO Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

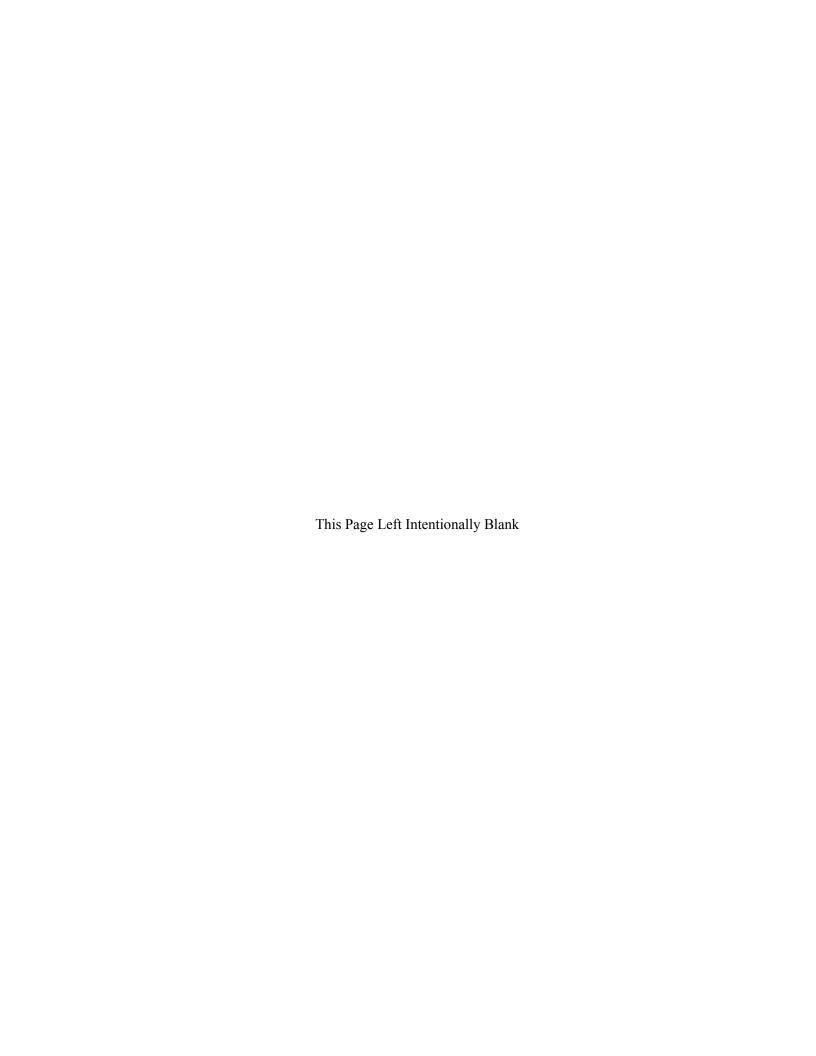
	Supplementary	Infor	mation
--	----------------------	-------	--------

	Schedule of OPEB Contributions – Retiree Health Funding Plan	. 57
	Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns	. 57
	Supplementary Schedule of Net Position	. 60
	Supplementary Schedule of Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	. 62
Stat	istical Section	
N	Net Position by Component	. 69
C	Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	. 70
Γ	Total Revenues By Source	.71
Т	Total Expenses By Category	. 72
N	Major Revenue Base and Rates	. 73
S	Service Charges and Service Charges as a Percentage of Total Operating Revenue	. 74
P	Principal Customers	. 74
C	Outstanding Debt By Type and Debt per Capita	.75
P	Pledged-Revenue Coverage	.76
P	Principal Employers in the District	.77
Ι	Demographic and Economic Statistics: District Service Area and Contra Costa County	. 78
A	About the District	. 79
N	Number of District Employees By Department/Function	. 80
(Onerating and Capital Indicators By Program	81

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



TOWER TRICKLING FILTERS AND AERATION BASINS





December 10, 2020

To the Honorable Board of Directors and Delta Diablo Customers:

Delta Diablo (District) is pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 (FY19/20).

This document has been prepared by the District's Finance Division in compliance with the financial reporting principles and standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). This report consists of three sections: introductory, financial and, statistical. District Management assumes the responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive internal control framework it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

California statutes require special districts to have an annual audit conducted by independent, certified public accountants. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for FY19/20. Maze & Associates, Accountancy Corporation, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the District's financial statements for FY19/20. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides an introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The CAFR follows the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recommended guidelines and the District is submitting this report to GFOA for review and certification.

Profile of the Government

Delta Diablo is a special district in the State of California that was originally formed in 1955 as Contra Costa County Sanitation District No. 7-A, pursuant to the California Health and Safety Code Section 4700 for the purpose of operating, maintaining, and constructing wastewater collection and treatment facilities in the West Pittsburg (now called Bay Point) area. In the early 1970s, the California State Water Resources Control Board adopted a policy of encouraging public wastewater agencies to consolidate on a sub-regional basis. In 1976, the Cities of Pittsburg and Antioch were annexed to the District.

A new sub-regional conveyance system and treatment facility was recommended and subsequently constructed in the current location between the two cities. In 1989, the District's name was changed to Delta Diablo Sanitation District after years of being referred to as such by the public. In 2014, the District's name was changed to Delta Diablo to reflect the general industry shift to viewing wastewater treatment plants as water resource recovery facilities via renewable energy production, water recycling, and biosolids reuse.

The District provides services to nearly 215,000 residents, as well as commercial and industrial customers, in Bay Point, Pittsburg, and Antioch which comprises a service area of approximately 54 square miles. The District's service area is divided into three zones: Zone 1 – Bay Point, Zone 2 – Pittsburg, and Zone 3 – Antioch. It is governed by a three-member Board of Directors with one member appointed to represent each zone, including the Mayor of the City of Pittsburg (or designee), the Mayor of the City of Antioch (or designee), and the Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors member representing Bay Point, which is unincorporated. The Board of Directors establishes overall policies to guide District operations, which are then implemented under the direction of the General Manager, to provide reliable, high-quality wastewater conveyance and treatment services at rates that are among the lowest in the San Francisco Bay Area.

Board meetings are open to the public and held on the second Wednesday of each month. In addition, committee meetings, workshop sessions, special meetings, and public hearings are occasionally scheduled and noticed.

The District has continually pursued an array of solutions to provide high-quality and environmentally-sound resource recovery services to its customers to protect public health, the Delta, and San Francisco Bay, now and into the future. As a result, five core resource recovery programs and services have been developed: Wastewater, Recycled Water, Household Hazardous Waste, Street Sweeping, and Bay Point Collections. Additional resource recovery services include pollution prevention, energy recovery, and beneficial reuse of biosolids.

Wastewater Program: The Wastewater Program's primary purpose is to protect public health and the environment by conveying and effectively treating wastewater. Operating 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, the District's Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) is permitted by the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Board) as a secondary wastewater treatment facility with a permitted average dry weather flow capacity of 19.5 million gallons per day (MGD).

Recycled Water Program: Since 2000, the District has been operating an industrial recycled water plant. Generating an average of 6 MGD, this recycled water facility is rated for 12.8 MGD and utilizes a state-of-the-art computerized Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system. Recycled water produced at the District is distributed for use as cooling water at two power plants, as well as landscape irrigation at several parks, Caltrans rights-of-way, city offices, and the golf course in Antioch. The use of high-quality recycled water for industrial and irrigation applications provides an

alternative source of water that not only is more cost efficient than potable water and promotes water conservation but is also an environmentally sound recapturing of precious water resources rather than discharging the treated water directly to the Delta.

Household Hazardous Waste Program: In partnership with multiple local governmental entities, the District has operated a regional Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) Program since 1996. The core of the program is operation of the Delta Household Hazardous Waste Collection Facility (DHHWCF), which was constructed in 2003 adjacent to the District's WWTP. The purpose of the HHW Program is prevent hazardous pollutants from reaching waterways, landfills, and the wastewater system in support of the District's Pollution Prevention Program, and state and federal regulatory requirements. Use of the District's DHHWCF is free of charge for residents and small businesses in East Contra Costa County, and accepts HHWs, such as medications, used oil and filters, anti-freeze, paints and stains, batteries, fluorescent and high intensity lamps, cosmetics, pesticides, pool chemicals and household cleaners, cooking oils and grease, and electronic waste.

Street Sweeping Program: Street sweeping is another pollution prevention service offered by the District. One of the best ways to prevent pollutants from entering local waterways is to remove them from streets before wind and rain carries them into storm drains, which flow to Delta receiving waters. Regular street sweeping provides a clean appearance throughout neighborhoods, attracts businesses to downtown areas, and supports regional compliance with state and federal regulations related to the Clean Water Act implementation.

Bay Point Collection Program: In 1984, the District assumed responsibility from Contra Costa County for the West Pittsburg (Bay Point) collection system. Services provided for this system consists of cleaning, inspection, and maintaining 43 miles of sanitary sewer mains for collection and delivery of untreated wastewater to the WWTP through the District's conveyance system. Both the cities of Antioch and Pittsburg maintain their own collection systems.

Local Economy

The District provides wastewater conveyance and treatment services in its service area via 38,300, 24,700, and 7,500 connections in Antioch, Pittsburg, and Bay Point, respectively. These communities are located in the Delta where the Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers meet at the eastern edge of the greater San Francisco Bay Area (Bay Area). Housing is affordable relative to the otherwise expensive Bay Area, and there is still significant undeveloped land in the area available for future development. The Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART) Pittsburg-Antioch line and Highway 4 run through the area, connecting commuters in the three communities to jobs in other parts of the Bay Area.

Because the area functions in part as "bedroom communities" to the Bay Area's financial district and high-tech industries, housing-related development, construction, and service-related businesses dominate the local economy. In general, the local economy is

consistent with the Bay Area economy. An independent economic research firm, Beacon Economics, reported that the East Bay's economy showed strength prior to the COVID-19 pandemic. While the East Bay's economy has suffered with unemployment rates reaching 14.2% as of April 2020 (Bureau of Labor Statistics), the region is in a relatively better position to deal with the economic fallout than other California cities due to its high representation of workers in technology and professional services. Home sales fell in the East Bay, and across the Bay Area while prices increased, in the third quarter of FY19/20 compared to the third quarter of FY18/19. This decline in sales, along with increased prices also occurred at the state level. According to the California Association of Realtors, sales of existing single-family residences in Contra Costa County fell 8.3% from the third quarter of FY18/19 to the third quarter of FY19/20, which represents a greater drop than in San Francisco (-7.6%) and California (-6.1%). Decreases are directly related to the COVID-19 pandemic and the number of houses listed for sale during shelter in place orders. As one of the few affordable areas in the Bay Area, the housing industry is projected to recover, along with the Bay Area economy, which is expected to support the local economy. Given the vulnerability of the single-unit housing industry dominating the local economy, local officials are exploring opportunities and providing incentives to businesses to diversify the local economy.

Median household income in Bay Point, Pittsburg, and Antioch were \$55,856, \$70,770, and \$71,422, respectively, compared with the Contra Costa County median household income of \$93,712 in 2018. Populations in Pittsburg and Antioch have grown from 63,483 and 103,868 in 2011, respectively, to 74,321 and 112,520 in 2020, respectively. This information was not separately available for Bay Point as it is an unincorporated area. Median housing prices were \$448,607 in the Bay Point and Pittsburg areas, and \$542,826 in Antioch, as reported by Zillow for August 2020.

Long-term Planning

Consistent with GFOA's recommendations, the District has developed a Strategic Business Plan as a blueprint for how the District will respond to future challenges and changing priorities. Based on the District's mission, vision, core values, and goals, Management presents Strategic Business Plan Initiatives in support of Strategic Focus Areas under each goal area for the Board's review and acceptance each year.

The Strategic Business Plan was adopted by the Board in September 2014 along with the mission, vision, core values, and goals as follows:

Mission: Protect public health and the environment in our communities by providing wastewater resource recovery services of exceptional quality and value.

Vision: Delta Diablo will be a national leader in wastewater resource recovery

Core Values: Integrity, Teamwork, and Trust

Strategic Goals:

- Financial Sustainability
- Leadership
- Operational Excellence

- Workplace Innovation
- Stakeholder Engagement

Financial Policies

The District has financial policies that set forth guidelines to maintain accountability and control over operating revenue and expenses, ensure proper appropriation of reserves and restricted funds, and proactively address the rising costs of pension and other postemployment benefits.

Investments: Annually, the Board of Directors adopts an Investment Policy pursuant to California Government Code, Sections 53600 et seq. The investment of idle funds is delegated by the Board of Directors to the District's General Manager, who assumes full responsibility for the transactions of the investment program. The objectives of the Investment Policy are safety, liquidity, yield, and diversity. The District's investments are in compliance with the adopted Investment Policy. See Note 2 – Cash and Investments in the Notes section of this report for detailed investment information.

Reserves:

- Economic Reserves: Economic reserves are an essential part of the District's operating requirements and ensure the continued ability to provide services during budget shortfalls or unforeseen circumstances. The purpose of this reserve is to provide adequate funding to mitigate overall rate volatility resulting from economic changes or events that significantly decrease the District's revenues or increase the District's operating costs.
- Advanced Treatment Reserve: The District continues to modify its original approach to collecting revenues for the Advanced Treatment Fund, which was proactively established in 2011 to avoid sharp rate increases to customers due to implementation of nutrient removal upgrades at Delta Diablo's WWTP. The District has successfully collaborated with regulators, the scientific community, and other Bay Area Clean Water Agencies members to focus on nutrient impact analyses and water quality modeling in San Francisco Bay rather than the future imposition of regional nutrient removal permit limits. The outcome of this effort is an approximate 10-year extension in the implementation timeline. In addition to the timeline extension, staff has estimated that the initial capital cost for nutrient management is lower than originally anticipated and will most likely be combined with a secondary treatment capacity plant expansion. Based on this new information and extended timeline for use of these funds, staff has suspended the Advanced Treatment Fund Sewer Service Charge (SSC) component in FY20/21.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)Trust Funding: Following the acceptance of each fiscal year's audited financial statements for the District, the Board of Directors

makes a determination as to how much of that year's remaining Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) (formerly Annual Required Contributions or ARC) will be funded by the District and deposited to the OPEB trust fund from all or part of the following sources in the order listed below: 1) unanticipated revenue streams, 2) wastewater service charge revenues exceeding planned levels for the prior fiscal year, 3) unused wastewater operating contingency funds from the prior fiscal year, 4) wastewater operating budget savings from the prior fiscal year, 5) ad valorem tax revenues, and 6) wastewater general fund.

Pension Benefits Trust Funding: The District's intent is to set aside additional funds in a separate, qualified trust fund which may be directed into either the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and/or Contra Costa County Employee's Retirement Association (CCCERA) in the future. Annual budgeted amounts are contributed following the adoption of the budget. Upon fully funding the OPEB Trust Fund, those funding sources previously discussed shall be redirected to pension benefit trust funding, provided the OPEB trust funds remains fully funded.

Internal Controls: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls to ensure that District operations are effective and efficient, applicable laws and regulations are followed, and financial reports are reliable. Internal controls provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and that the cost-benefit analyses require estimates and judgments by Management.

Financial Highlights

The District's overall financial condition continues to be sound as demonstrated by a stable revenue base, effective cost containment, stable net position, and appropriate fund reserves.

In FY19/20, the District continued to effectively manage its finances and strengthen its financial position by adopting sufficient recycled water and wastewater rates to fund operations, OPEB trust contributions, and capital infrastructure improvements. The following results of operations indicate a continuing strong and stable fiscal position:

- Total assets plus deferred outflows exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$176.4 million (net position)
- Net position increased by \$8.8 million or 5.3% during the year to \$176.4 million
- Operating revenue increased \$1.8 million or 4.9% to \$38.6 million
- Operating expenses decreased \$.03 million or .01% to \$35.3 million
- Capital contributions decreased \$1 million or 41.6% to \$1.5 million

Debt Administration

As of the end of FY19/20, the District had a long-term outstanding debt total of \$23.7 million, compared to \$23.5 million as of the end of FY18/19.

Prudent financial management policies and the District's sound financial position resulted in an "AA" credit rating from Standard & Poor's in November 2015.

Budget and Rates

The adopted total operating and capital budget for FY19/20 was \$51.5 million compared to \$52.6 million for FY18/19. Wastewater service rates increased by 3.5% for Antioch and Pittsburg customers and 3.0% for Bay Point customers for FY19/20, compared to the 6.0% for Antioch and Pittsburg customers and 5.0% for Bay Point customers for FY18/19.

In contrast to the previous approach of proposing a three-year operating budget and planning cycle, the District started proposing and adopting a single-year budget in FY18/19 and continued the process in FY19/20. The District's intent is to transition to a budget cycle that better aligns the rate-setting and capital improvement program development process.

FY19/20 Strategic Business Plan Initiatives

The District Strategic Business Plan allows for flexibility and accountability through the establishment of annual Strategic Plan Initiatives. As part of the planning process, staff identifies initiatives to be implemented each fiscal year that allow the District to make progress toward its five strategic goals: Financial Sustainability, Leadership, Operational Excellence, Workplace Innovation, and Stakeholder Engagement, as well as its vision of being a national leader in resource recovery. At the end of each fiscal year, staff reviews the progress of the current year's Strategic Business Plan Initiatives and proposes new initiatives for the upcoming fiscal year.

Financial Sustainability

- Conduct a comprehensive infrastructure condition assessment at the District's WWTP to guide prioritized, long-term capital investment.
- Navigate potential barriers to implementing a large-scale organics co-digestion effort. (This was previously a capital project was discontinued in FY19/20.).
- Develop a near-term strategy and timeline to guide financial planning for future nutrient management investment at the WWTP (i.e., Advanced Treatment Fund).
- Complete a utility "Cost-of-Service Study" to ensure District is recovering its costs via sewer service, recycled water service, and capital facilities capacity charges.

Leadership

- Provide "change management" training to support development and application of new ideas and approaches to improve the organization.
- Provide biological wastewater treatment process training for Operations/ Engineering staff.

 Develop an improved performance planning and appraisal process to support workforce development and management.

Operational Excellence

- Initiate implementation of a risk-based Asset Management Program that ensures effective asset performance, reliability, and investment through integrated, robust business processes.
- Conduct disaster response and recovery exercises to support emergency preparedness and resiliency.
- Conduct a vulnerability assessment at the WWTP to mitigate the impacts of potential infrastructure, equipment, and operational threats to regulatory compliance and safety.
- Implement priority "best practice" enhancements to District procurement and purchasing procedures, revise signature authority levels, and conduct associated staff training to ensure effective and efficient business processes.

Workplace Innovation

- Identify and prioritize opportunities to drive organizational effectiveness and efficiency through expanded use of information technology (IT) as part of the IT Assessment.
- Evaluate the feasibility of implementing interactive, dynamic capital improvement project summaries via a web-based application.

Stakeholder Engagement

• Enhance external website content and public information materials, and develop targeted fact sheets (e.g., infrastructure investment, nutrient management, rates/budget) in support of the District's Strategic Communications Plan.

Emphasize the increased need for private sector engagement to accelerate development of regional biosolids management facilities through active participation in the Bay Area Biosolids Coalition.

Long-Term Infrastructure Investment

The District's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) guide planning, design, construction, and financing of prioritized capital projects in the District's wastewater conveyance, collection, and treatment systems and recycled water system. These critical projects are necessary to ensure the continued effective and reliable operation of existing infrastructure, address future service needs, and meet current and future regulatory requirements. Below is a discussion of the key CIP highlights in FY19/20.

Key CIP highlights include the following:

Addressing New Infrastructure Needs: Based on new capital investment

priorities, 14 new projects were added to the CIP with an estimated total project cost of \$20.3 million. This includes \$8.3 million for the Antioch Pump Station and Conveyance System Improvements Project, which was developed in response to the failure of Antioch Force Main 102 and the associated sanitary sewer overflow on December 3, 2019.

Investing in Existing Wastewater Infrastructure Renewal: Approximately 70% of the CIP total is allocated to support rehabilitation and/or replacement of existing critical wastewater infrastructure, including Antioch Pump Station and Conveyance System Improvements (\$8.3 million), Headworks Improvements (\$8.0 million), Cogeneration System Improvements (\$5.0 million), Electrical Switchgear Replacement (\$3.8 million), and Pump Station Facility Repair (\$3.5 million).

Adapting to Shifting Project Priorities and Changes

- East County Bioenergy Project (ECBP): As reported to the Board on March 11, 2020, the District is no longer pursuing implementation of this project, which included a total cash flow in the current CIP of \$28.3 million, most of which was neutral relative to SSC impacts as project costs were to be paid through project revenues. However, staff has included \$6.5 million in the proposed CIP to address ECBP-related infrastructure investment needs that were placed on hold pending integration with ECBP.
- Nutrient Management: As reported to the Board on March 11, 2020 and April 23, 2020, the implementation timeline and initial capital cost estimate for nutrient removal have been extended and reduced, respectively, while preliminary master planning findings indicate that continued major capital investment in the existing tower trickling filters does not support flexibility for future nutrient removal. In addition, staff now anticipates integration of future secondary capacity and nutrient removal plant upgrades. In response, staff has renamed the "Tower Trickling Filter Improvements Project" that was included in the current CIP to "Capacity Expansion with Nutrient Management" in the proposed CIP.

Driving Organizational Improvement

- Asset Management Program (AMP): In FY19/20, staff has completed significant efforts to build the foundation of a formalized AMP with a plan to continue program development over the next few years. The proposed CIP includes \$1.7 million to support continued development of an AMP to support effective, efficient, and prioritized management of critical District infrastructure assets through implementation of enhanced business practices, data metrics, engagement throughout the organization.
- Information Technology (IT): In FY19/20, staff initiated an IT Assessment to identify
 prioritized business needs and implementation plans to enhance business processes
 and use of IT to support organizational effectiveness and efficiency. The proposed

CIP includes \$0.75 million in continued IT investment in support of this initiative.

Planning for the Future: The proposed CIP identifies funding for multiple master planning efforts, including the current RRFMP (\$1.0 million), Electrical System Master Plan (\$0.4 million in FY22/23), Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition Master Plan (\$0.5 million in FY22/23), Biosolids Management Master Plan (\$0.4 million in FY23/24), and Recycled Water Master Plan Update (\$0.3 million in FY 23/24).

Awards & Acknowledgements

The District was a proud recipient of several prestigious awards:

- National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA) Gold Peak Performance Award
- NACWA 2019 Utility of the Future Today Award

GFOA of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for FY18/19. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The District would like to thank the Board of Directors for its continued interest and dedicated support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism and integrity in the management of the District's finances. Additionally, this report was prepared through the skill, effort, and dedication of all Finance Division staff, with significant support and contributions from many other staff in providing the data necessary to prepare this report.

Sincerely,

Vincent P. De Lange General Manager Carol Margetich Business Services Director

Canot Mangetich

DELTA DIABLO Principal Officers – June 30, 2020

Board of Directors

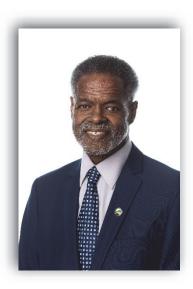
Delta Diablo has a three-member Board of Directors consisting of representatives appointed by the governing bodies of the three service areas: unincorporated Bay Point, City of Pittsburg and City of Antioch.



Sean Wright
Chair
Appointed by the Antioch City
Council, represents the City of
Antioch.



Juan Antonio Banales
Director
Appointed by the Pittsburg
City Council, represents the
City of Pittsburg



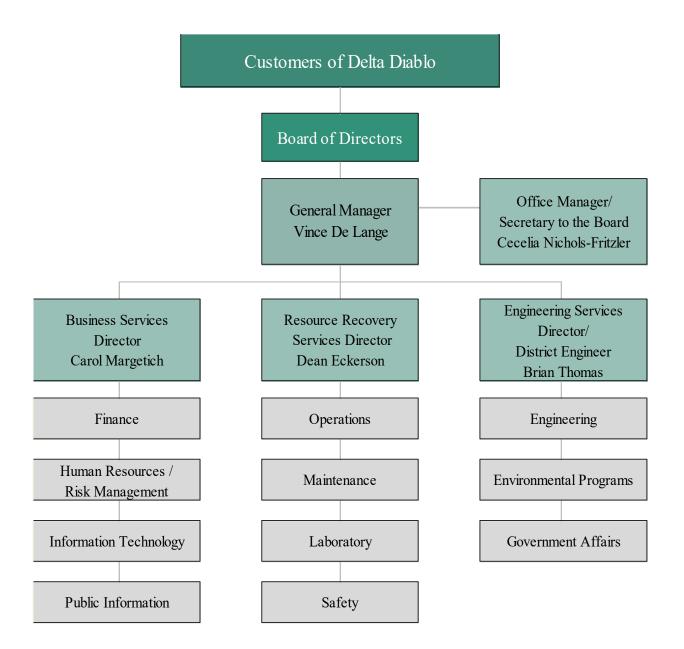
Federal Glover
Director

Appointed by the Contra Costa
County Board of Supervisors,
represents unincorporated Bay
Point

District Management

Vince De Lange	General Manager
Carol Margetich	Business Services Director
Brian Thomas	Engineering Services Director/District Engineer
Dean Eckerson.	Resource Recovery Services Director
Cacalia Nichols Fritzler	Office Manager/Secretary to the Roard

DELTA DIABLO Organization Chart



DELTA DIABLO Vision, Mission and Core Values

Mission

Protect public health and the environment of our communities by providing *waste*water and other resource recovery services of exceptional quality and value.

Vision

Delta Diablo will be a national leader in wastewater resource recovery.

Core Values

Delta Diablo is committed to:

Integrity

- Maintain the highest ethical standards with our customers, partners and each other
- Honor our commitments
- Treat others fairly and consistently

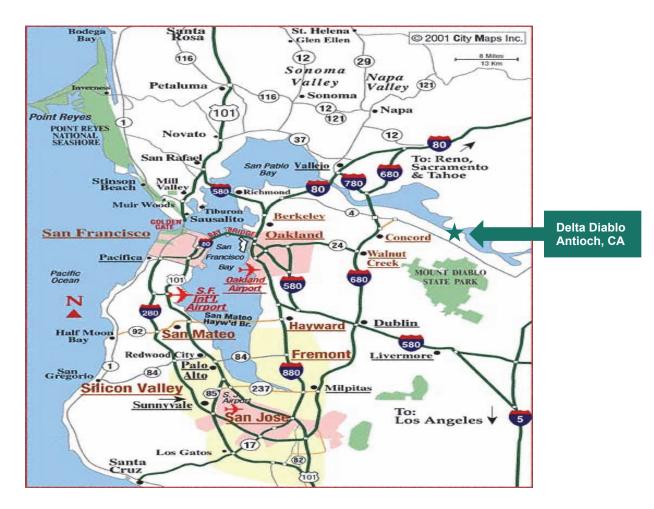
Teamwork

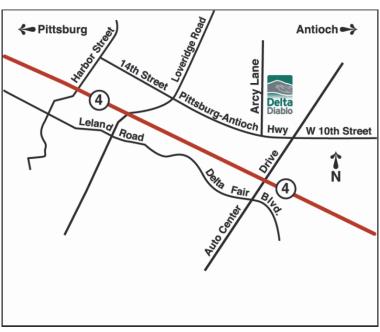
- Collaborate to achieve a common vision
- Communicate in an open and timely manner
- Celebrate our successes and achievements

Trust

- Inspire confidence through our words and actions
- Promote a positive work environment through honest, transparent, and respectful interactions
- Encourage and embrace diverse points of view

DELTA DIABLO Location Map







Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

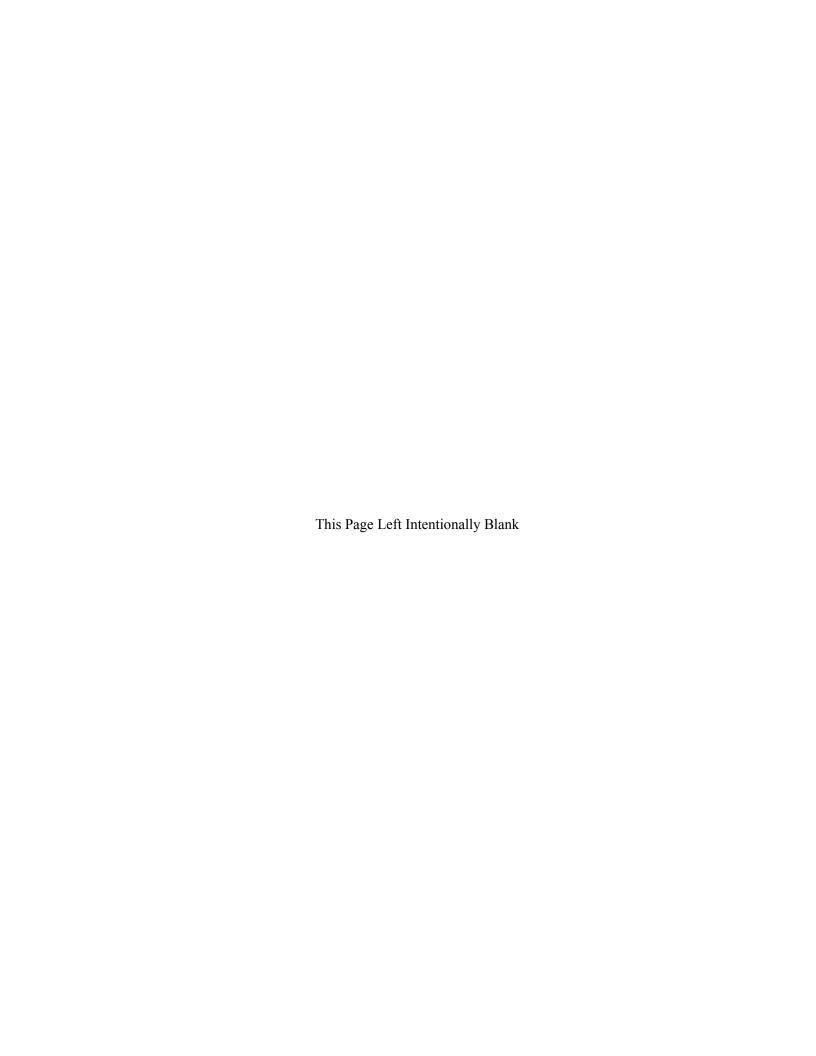
Delta Diablo California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

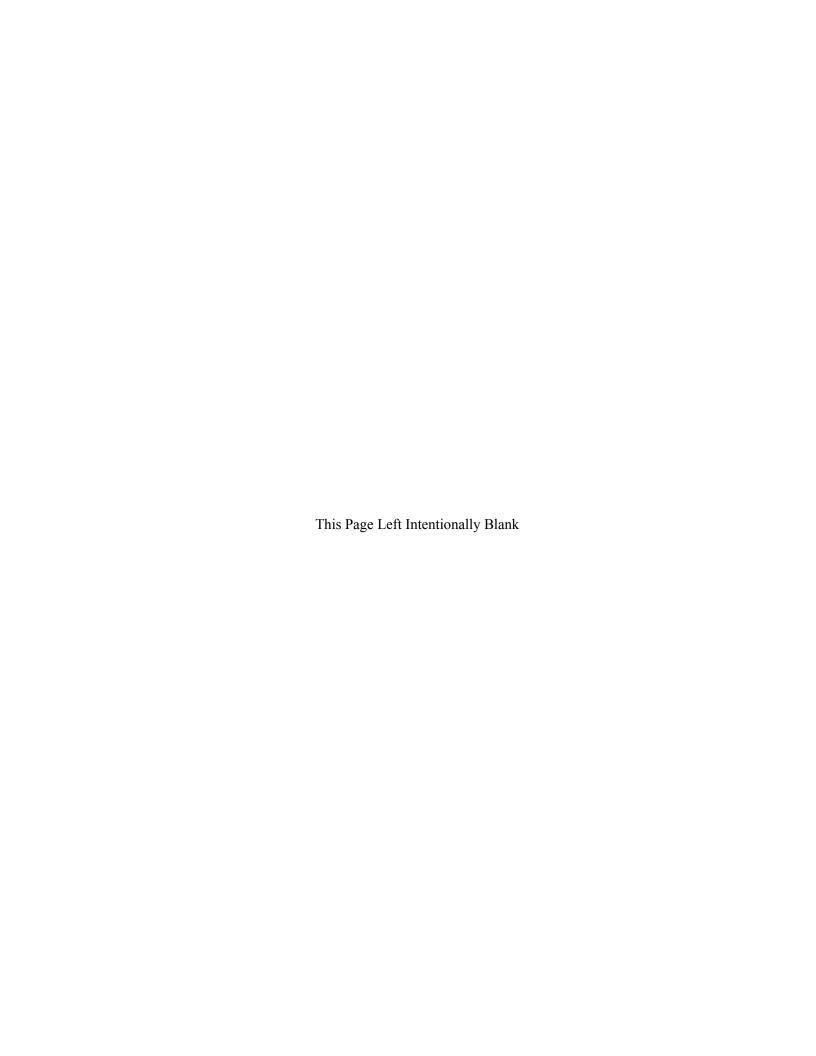
Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



TREATMENT PLANT





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Delta Diablo Antioch, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and aggregate remaining fund information of Delta Diablo (District), California, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Delta Diablo as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in the financial positions, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's June 30, 2019 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated November 27, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 is consistent, in all material aspects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplementary Information and Statistical Section as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis are not required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted standards in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Pleasant Hill, California

Maze + Associates

December 10, 2020



DELTA DIABLO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The District's Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the District's financial performance and activities for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2020 (FY19/20). The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter (pgs. i-x) and the District's basic financial statements which begin on page 13. The MD&A is presented in a concise format and organized under the following headings:

- Overview of the Financial Statements
- Financial Highlights
- Financial Analysis
- Capital Assets and Debt
- Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates
- Requests for Information

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which consist of the Financial Statements and Notes to the Financial Statements. The CAFR contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Financial Statements

As a special purpose government, the District reports its financial statements in accordance with business-type activities known as enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for services provided on a total or partial cost-recovery basis to users. Enterprise funds are reported on an "accrual basis" of accounting similar to private sector companies. Accrual basis is the basis of accounting under which revenues and gains are recorded when earned, and all expenses and losses are recorded when incurred.

The financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; Statement of Cash Flows; and Notes to Financial Statements.

The Statement of Net Position reports all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a format displaying assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position serve as an indicator of whether the District's financial position improves or declines.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information on the District's operating results and how the net position changed during the fiscal year. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all its costs through user fees and other charges.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* reflects changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operating, capital spending, and related financing, non-capital financing, and investing activities. This statement summarizes cash inflows (receipts) and outflows (disbursements) without consideration of the timing of the event giving rise to the obligation or receipt and excludes non-cash transactions such as depreciation and amortization.

DELTA DIABLO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The *Notes to the Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes begin on page of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the CAFR also presents an introductory section, certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment healthcare benefits to its employees, supplementary information by fund, and a statistical section.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Financial Highlights

In FY19/20, the District continued to effectively manage its finances and strengthen its financial position by adopting sufficient service charges to fund operations, capital improvements, future other post-employment benefits (OPEB), and maintain strong financial performance. The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The new accounting rule did not require any changes to the District's financial report. The following results of operations in FY19/20 indicate a continuing strong and stable fiscal position:

- Total assets plus deferred outflows of the District exceeded the total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$176.4 million (net position)
- Net position increased by \$8.8 million (5.3%)
- Total assets plus deferred outflows increased \$13.7 million (6.3%)
- Total liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources increased by \$4.8 million (9.7%)
- Total operating revenue was \$38.6 million, an increase of \$1.8 million (4.9%)
- Total operating expenses were \$35.3 million, a decrease of \$0.03 million (0.1%)
- Capital contributions were \$1.5 million, a decrease of \$1 million (41.6%)

Financial Position

In FY19/20, the District's net position increased by \$8.8 million (5.3%) to \$176.4 million from \$167.6 million. The largest portion of the District's net position, \$124.1 million (70.8%), is invested in capital assets necessary to provide services to its customers. Total assets plus deferred outflows increased by \$13.7 million (6.3%) during the year to \$231.4 million from \$217.7 million. Total liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources increased by \$4.8 million (9.7%) to \$55.0 million from \$50.2 million.

In FY18/19, the District's net position increased by \$8.8 million (5.6%) to \$167.6 million from \$158.7 million. The largest portion of the District's net position, \$118.4 million (71%), is invested in capital assets necessary to provide services to its customers. Total assets plus deferred outflows increased by \$8.5 million (4.1%) during the year to \$217.7 million from \$209.2 million. Total liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources decreased by \$0.3 million (0.6%) to \$50.2 million from \$50.5 million. Additional information on long-term debt, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability is provided in the accompanying *Notes to the Financial Statements* (refer to Note 7 – Long-term Debt and Note 8 – Retirement).

DELTA DIABLO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The FY19/20 increase in net position of \$8.8 million was primarily due to net non-operating income of \$5.5 million and net operating income of \$3.3 million.

Table 1 below presents the District's Condensed Statement of Net Position for the FYs ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018:

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

				2020	2019	
	Fisca	Fiscal Year Ended June 30				
	2020	2019	2018	Variance	Variance	
Current and other assets	\$ 77,696,399	\$ 70,908,975	\$ 62,567,110	9.6%	13.3%	
Capital assets (net)	148,638,293	141,912,357	141,042,779	4.7%	0.6%	
Total assets	226,334,692	212,821,332	203,609,889	6.3%	4.5%	
Deferred outflow of resources	5,097,634	4,922,919	5,617,629	3.5%	-12.4%	
Current liabilities	8,286,636	4,372,371	6,550,685	89.5%	-33.3%	
Long-term liabilities	45,294,112	44,295,575	43,086,149	<u>2.03%</u>	2.8%	
Total liabilities	53,580,748	48,667,946	49,636,834	10.1%	-2.0%	
Deferred inflows of resources	1,434,213	1,492,682	848,160	-3.9%	76.0%	
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	124,929,747	118,356,795	118,740,378	5.6%	-0.3%	
Restricted	1,008,283	1,008,283	929,736	0.0%	8.4%	
Unrestricted	50,479,335	48,218,545	39,072,410	4.7%	23.4%	
Total net position	\$ 176,417,365	\$167,583,623	\$158,742,524	5.3%	5.6%	

Results of Operations

In FY19/20, the District's total operating revenue was \$38.6 million and total operating expense was \$35.3 million, which represented an increase of \$1.8 million and a decrease of \$0.03 million, respectively, from FY18/19.

The major components of the District's financial results in FY19/20 were:

- Operating revenue increased by \$1.8 million (4.9%), primarily due to increases in Sewer Service Charges (SSCs) and Recycled Water Service Charges (RWSCs). SSC's increased by 3.5% for customers in Pittsburg and Antioch while Bay Point customers has a 3% increase. RWSCs also increased by 8.6%.
- Labor costs, consisting of salaries and benefits, decreased by \$1.3 million (7.5%), primarily due a decrease in contributions of \$0.5 million to the OPEB pension and OPEB trust accounts, \$0.9 million decrease in GASB 68 pension and GASB 75 OPEB expense, savings from vacant positions, offset by employee Memoranda of Understanding (MOU) Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) increases in salaries and benefits.

DELTA DIABLO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- Other operating items increased \$1.3 million (69.7%) for expenses related to the east county bioenergy project that was discontinued in FY19/20.
- Property tax revenue increased \$0.1 million (4.5%) due to the increase in property values.
- Interest income decreased \$0.4 million (22.6%), primarily due to a decreased rate-of-return from a weighted average of 2.4% in FY18/19 to 2.0% and an increase of \$3.0 million invested throughout FY19/20.
- Capital contributions decreased to \$1.1 million (41.6%) due to the issuance of 304 new equivalent residential unit (ERU) permits in FY19/20 compared to 582 ERU permits in FY18/19.
- Other non-operating items decreased \$0.7 million (88%) due to the receipt of federal and state grants totaling \$0.1 million (compared to \$0.8 million in FY18/19).

The major components of the District's financial results in FY18/19 were:

- Operating revenue increased by \$1.8 million (4.9%). Service charges increased by \$3.1 million (9.6%), which was driven by RWSC restructuring to address fixed costs and variable costs in response to reduced consumption and an SSC increase of 6.0%. The SSC increase was offset by reductions in discharge permits and miscellaneous revenues (\$0.05 million).
- Labor costs, consisting of salaries and benefits, decreased by \$1.0 million (5.2%), primarily due to GASB 68 pension and GASB 75 OPEB accounting rule changes (\$0.6 million) and the one-time additional contribution of \$0.6 million to the OPEB trust account made in FY17/18, and was offset by employee MOU COLA increases in salaries and benefits.
- Property tax revenue increased \$0.1 million (4.5%) due to the ongoing economic recovery.
- Interest income decreased \$0.4 million (22.6%), primarily due to a decreased rate-of-return from a weighted average of 1.4% in FY17/18 to 2.4% and an increase of \$10.0 million invested throughout FY18/19.
- Capital contributions decreased to \$1.5 million (41.6%) due to the issuance of 582 new ERU permits in FY18/19 compared to 219 ERU permits in FY17/18.
- Other non-operating items decreased \$0.8 million (225%) due to the receipt of federal and state grants totaling \$0.8 million (compared to \$0.2 million in FY17/18).

DELTA DIABLO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table 2 below presents the District's Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the FYs ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018:

 Table 2

 Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Fisc	al Year Ended Jun	e 30	2020 vs 2019	2019 vs 2018
	2020	2019	2018	Variance	Variance
Service charges	\$ 37,312,576	\$ 35,484,438	\$ 32,389,604	5.2%	9.6%
Other operating revenues	1,295,349	1,322,760	1,302,988	-2.1%	2%
Operating revenue	38,607,925	36,807,198	33,692,592	4.9%	9.2%
Salaries and benefits	16,279,300	17,604,581	18,569,205	-7.5%	-5.2%
Chemicals and utilities	3,073,901	3,204,882	2,908,186	-4.1%	10.2%
Outside services and maintenance	5,410,194	5,652,901	5,352,273	-4.3%	5.6%
Depreciation and amortization	7,202,996	6,926,195	6,897,318	4.0%	0.4%
Other operating expenses	3,371,729	1,986,524	1,751,761	69.7%	13.4%
Operating expense	35,338,120	35,375,083	35,478,743	-0.1%	-0.3%
Operating Income/(Loss)	3,269,805	1,432,115	(1,786,151)	128.3%	-180%
Nonoperating income (expense)					
Property Taxes	3,111,068	2,977,580	2,679,597	4.5%	11.1%
Interest income	1,243,479	1,606,118	678,535	-22.6%	136.7%
Capital Contributions	1,540,614	2,636,962	992,717	-41.6%	165.6%
Interest expense	(432,608)	(670,360)	(572,957)	-35.5%	17.0%
Other non-operating	101,384	858,684	264,270	-88.2%	224.9%
Nonoperating Income/(Expense), Net	5,563,937	7,408,984	4,042,162	-24.9%	83.3%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	8,833,742	8,841,099	2,256,011	-0.1%	291.9%
Net position - beginning of year	167,583,623	158,742,524	166,191,367	5.6%	-4.5%
Prior period adjustment: GASB 75			(9,704,854)		
Net position - end of year	\$ 176,417,365	\$167,583,623	\$158,742,524	5.3%	5.6%

Capital Assets

The District had capital assets (net of depreciation) of \$148.6 million, \$141.9 million, and \$141.0 million as of June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively. The District invests in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, improvements, wastewater treatment facilities, water reclamation facilities, hazardous waste facilities, transmission and conveyance systems, pump stations, and machinery and equipment. In FY19/20, capital assets increased \$6.7 million, primarily due \$13.7 million in new construction for major projects, \$0.2 million in new equipment, and a net change of \$7.2 million in accumulated depreciation. The District capitalized \$13.9 million construction-in-progress expenses.

DELTA DIABLO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table 3 presents the District's Capital Assets, net of depreciation, for FY19/20, FY18/19, and FY17/18:

 Table 3

 Schedule of Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30						2020 vs 2019	2019 vs 2018
		2020		2019		2018	Variance	Variance
Land	\$	6,490,355	\$	6,490,355	\$	6,226,308	0.0%	4.2%
Construction in progress		24,154,621		10,426,167		17,703,738	131.7%	-41.1%
Treatment & collection system		117,826,216	1	24,798,878	1	116,652,539	-5.6%	7.0%
Equipment		167,101		196,957		460,194	-15.2%	-57.2%
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	148,638,293	\$ 1	41,912,357	\$ 1	141,042,779	4.7%	0.6%

The District's net revenue, long-term debt, property tax revenue, and contributions from customers are used to finance capital investments.

This year's major capital expenditures included:

Project	Amount
Permanent Brine Transfer Facility	\$ 1,283,281
Headworks Improvements	3,483,093
Treatment Plant Electrical Switchgear Replacement	1,259,898
Pump Station Facility Repair	5,483,383
Primary Clarifier Area Improvement	3,919,870
District Office Building Roofing and Sheet Metal Replacen	1,772,339
Bay Point Rehabilitation Phase IV	3,511,034
Total	\$ 20,712,898

The District's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) prioritizes capital needs with funding sources for a five-year period. The plan is updated annually and presented to the District's Board of Directors for approval. Each year, the District continues to expand and improve its wastewater and recycled water treatment facilities, and conveyance and distribution systems to comply with more stringent environmental regulations and minimize wastewater overflows and/or disruptions of service. For additional information, see accompanying *Notes to the Financial Statements* Note 5 – Capital Assets.

Debt Administration

The District had total net long-term debt outstanding of \$23.7 million, \$23.5 million, and \$22.3 million as of June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively. In FY19/20, long-term debt increased by \$0.2 million (0.6%) due to an increase of \$1.2 million in the State of California Water Resources Control Board's State Revolving Fund (SRF) loan for the Wastewater Infrastructure Repair and Rehabilitation Project, which was offset by scheduled principal repayments. The District did not issue any new bonded debt in FY19/20.

DELTA DIABLO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table 4 presents the District's Long-Term Debt for the FY19/20, FY18/19, and FY17/18.

Table 4 Schedule of Long-Term Debt

	Fisca	al Year Ended Jui	ne 30	2020 vs 2019	2019 vs 2018
	2020	2019	2018	Variance	Variance
2010 RW State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loan	\$ 3,491,004	\$ 3,806,905	\$ 4,122,562	-8.3%	-7.7%
2011 WW Installment Note Payable	1,348,274	1,419,331	1,483,830	-5.0%	-4.3%
2011 WW SRF Loan	3,561,285	3,789,125	4,011,192	-6.0%	-5.5%
2015 WW California Energy Commission Loan	462,927	511,834	560,266	-9.6%	-8.6%
2015 Bay Point SRF Loan	1,020,787	1,052,464	1,083,550	-3.0%	-2.9%
2016 WW/Bay Point SRF Loan	10,769,253	11,072,449	9,083,957	-2.7%	21.9%
2016 WW SRF Loan	1,848,847	1,903,454	1,957,044	-2.9%	-2.7%
2019 WW SRF Loan	1,206,169				
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 23,708,546	\$ 23,555,562	\$ 22,302,401	0.6%	5.6%

The outstanding debt issued was used to fund improvements, replacements, and expansion of the wastewater treatment and recycled water treatment facilities, conveyance and distribution systems, and wastewater collection systems. The primary funding source for repayment of debt issued for expansion purposes is the Capital Facilities Capacity Charge (CFCC).

The District received a reaffirmation of its "AA" credit rating from Standard & Poor's in November 2015, which represents the District's very strong capacity to meet its financial commitments. The primary reason for the reaffirmation was the District Board's willingness to continue to adjust rates incrementally, and the very prudent approach to collect and set aside funds for the acquisition or construction of new capital assets and for the maintenance, rehabilitation, and replacement of current capital assets. Additionally, the District's strong financial performance, debt service coverage, and strong liquidity built on competitive rates; manageable capital plan with expansion costs historically financed from capacity fees; and a stable and diverse customer base largely collected through the County's Teeter Plan supported the AA credit rating.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT FISCAL YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Economic Factors

The District operates as an enterprise fund and is therefore self-supporting. The District charges rates and fees to users to cover the costs of operations and capital improvements. Economic factors that may affect the District include, but are not limited, to the following:

- Economic cycle, which impacts CFCCs as new development projects are highly sensitive to the economic cycle. Economic cycle including the uncertainty regarding COVID-19 also impacts the federal and state budgets and legislation, which could affect the District's ability to secure grant funding and low-interest loans.
- Interest rate and/or investment return, which directly impact investment earnings, borrowing costs, and pension and OPEB contribution rates.

DELTA DIABLO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- Consumer price index (CPI), which is a measure of inflation. CPI for San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward directly impacts COLAs provided in the employee MOUs and costs for supplies and expenses.
- Crude oil prices impact the energy market for electricity and gas prices and the chemicals used for wastewater treatment. The District's chemical and utilities expenses ranged from \$2.9 million to \$3.2 million in the three-year period ending FY19/20.
- Changes in assessed property values, which affect the District's property tax revenue. When the housing market improves, the assessed property values increase, thereby increasing the District's property tax receipts. Conversely, any decline in the housing market will decrease property values and correspondingly decrease property tax receipts for the District.

These factors, to the extent known, were considered in preparing the District's budget for FY20/21.

Next Fiscal Year's Budget and Rates:

In July 2020, the Board adopted the FY20/21 Budget, which included operating and capital budgets including debt service of \$29.3 million and \$17.8 million, respectively. For a summary of the District's FY20/21 Budget, please visit the District's website at www.deltadiablo.org.

In April 2020, Proposition 218 (Prop. 218) notices were mailed to customers to communicate the proposed FY20/21 rates and the associated public hearing date and location. The District proposed an increase of 3.5% in SSCs for customers in Pittsburg and Antioch, and an increase of 3.0% for customers in Bay Point. In June 2020, a public hearing was held and the Board of Directors subsequently approved FY20/21 SSCs for implementation in July 2020.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The CAFR is designed to provide members of the public, legislative and oversight bodies, customers, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with the District's finances and demonstrate the District's accountability for the funding it receives. If you have questions regarding the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, please visit the District's website at www.deltadiablo.org or the District office at 2500 Pittsburg-Antioch Highway, Antioch, California, 94509.

DELTA DIABLO STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash (Note 2)	\$19,642,362	\$5,066,900
Investments (Note 2)	8,183,127	27,645,233
Restricted cash (Note 2)	57,018	
Restricted investments (Note 2)	1,008,283	1,008,283
Committed investments (Note 2)	42,701,341	30,870,249
Accounts receivable	1,259,580	1,009,723
Interest receivable	181,150	328,711
Notes receivable, current portion (Note 3)	338,783	334,833
Employee computer loans receivable, current portion (Note 4)	4,429	5,931
Materials and supplies (Note 1H)	942,699	875,672
Prepaid expenses	15,573	60,108
Total current assets	74,334,345	67,205,643
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Other Assets:		
Notes receivable, less current portion (Note 3)	3,361,069	3,699,853
Employee computer loans receivable, less current portion (Note 4)	985	3,479
Total other assets	3,362,054	3,703,332
Capital Assets (Note 5):		
Capital assets, non-depreciable	30,644,976	16,916,522
Depreciable capital assets, net of		
accumulated depreciation	117,993,317	124,995,835
Total capital assets, net	148,638,293	141,912,357
Total noncurrent assets	152,000,347	145,615,689
TOTAL ASSETS	226,334,692	212,821,332
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to pensions (Note 8)	4,502,487	4,619,576
Related to OPEB (Note 9)	595,147	303,343
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,097,634	4,922,919

See accompanying notes to financial statements

DELTA DIABLO STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$4,628,244	\$1,339,764
Accrued payroll and benefits	629,932	592,458
Deposits payable	919,266	406,624
Unearned revenue	76,124	78,374
Compensated absences - current portion (Note 6)	892,511	833,528
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7)	1,074,221	1,053,187
Accrued interest payable	66,338	68,436
Total current liabilities	8,286,636	4,372,371
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Long-term debt, net of current portion (Note 7):		
State revolving fund and California energy commission loans	21,364,072	21,154,101
Installment sale agreement	1,270,253	1,348,274
Total long-term debt, net of current portion	22,634,325	22,502,375
Compensated absences -net of current portion (Note 6)	163,891	79,815
Net pension liability (Note 8)	18,292,494	17,576,687
Net OPEB liability (Note 9)	4,203,402	4,136,698
Total long-term liabilities	45,294,112	44,295,575
TOTAL LIABILITIES	53,580,748	48,667,946
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to pensions (Note 8)	1,010,001	896,661
Related to OPEB (Note 9)	424,212	596,021
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,434,213	1,492,682
NET POSITION (Note 11)		
Net investment in capital assets	124,929,747	118,356,795
Restricted for debt service	1,008,283	1,008,283
Unrestricted	50,479,335	48,218,545
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$176,417,365	\$167,583,623

See accompanying notes to financial statements

DELTA DIABLO STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
OPERATING REVENUES		
Service charges	\$37,312,576	\$35,484,438
Discharge permits	150,600	144,000
Household hazardous waste operating fees	424,924	497,828
Miscellaneous	471,531	465,796
Work for others	248,294	215,136
Total operating revenues	38,607,925	36,807,198
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits	16,279,300	17,604,581
Chemicals	1,299,877	1,405,512
Depreciation (Note 5)	7,202,996	6,926,195
Office and operating expense	1,944,002	1,901,272
Outside service and maintenance	5,410,194	5,652,901
Utilities	1,774,024	1,799,370
Other	1,427,727	85,252
Total operating expenses	35,338,120	35,375,083
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	3,269,805	1,432,115
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest expense	(432,608)	(670,360)
Interest income	1,243,479	1,606,118
Capital facilities capacity charges (Note 1I)	1,540,614	2,636,962
Lease revenue (Note 12)	36,540	36,540
Gain on sale of asset	13,086	11,277
Federal grants	51,758	519,391
Subgrants		291,476
Property taxes	3,111,068	2,977,580
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	5,563,937	7,408,984
NET INCOME	8,833,742	8,841,099
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	167,583,623	158,742,524
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$176,417,365	\$167,583,623

See accompanying notes to financial statements

DELTA DIABLO STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to employees Payments to utilities Payments to contractual/professional services Payments to suppliers Other receipts (payments)	\$38,358,068 (15,549,440) (1,774,024) (4,897,552) 22,109 (1,429,977)	\$36,948,255 (16,180,667) (1,799,370) (5,964,243) (5,140,364) (87,346)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	14,729,184	7,776,265
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Taxes State, federal and sub grants Receipts (payments) on employee computer loans	3,111,068 51,758 3,996	2,946,459 810,867 1,302
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	3,166,822	3,758,628
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Proceeds from loan agreements Interest paid on long-term debt Payment of long-term debt Connection fees	(17,104,582) 13,086 2,324,520 (434,706) (1,071,359) 1,540,614	(7,795,773) 11,277 2,324,520 (669,189) (1,071,359) 2,636,962
Cash Flows (used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(14,732,427)	(4,563,562)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Redemption and (acquisition) of investments Receipts on note Interest received on investments Interest received on lease	9,649,469 334,834 1,391,040 36,540	(8,752,184) 331,042 1,473,561 36,540
Cash Flows provided by Investing Activities	11,411,883	(6,911,041)
NET INCREASE IN CASH	14,575,462	60,290
Cash, beginning of year	5,066,900	5,006,610
Cash, end of year	\$19,642,362	\$5,066,900
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to cash flows from operating activities:	\$3,269,805	\$1,432,115
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:	7,202,996	6,926,195
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net (Increase) decrease in materials and supplies (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related expenses Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(249,857) (67,027) 44,535 3,288,480 180,533 512,642 (2,250) 946,236 (396,909)	141,057 87,501 42,264 (1,963,345) 63,705 (311,342) (2,094) 1,804,833 (444,624)
Net cash provided by operating activities		
SCHEDULE OF NON CASH ACTIVITY Change in fair value of investments	\$14,729,184 \$227,862	\$7,776,265 \$92,838

DELTA DIABLO STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUND JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		_
Investments with Trustees:		
Cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$615,825	\$391,716
Fixed income mutual funds (Note 2)	5,928,118	5,394,087
Equity mutual funds (Note 2)	9,264,564	9,102,611
Total investments	15,808,507	14,888,414
Total Assets	\$15,808,507	\$14,888,414
NET POSITION		
Net position restricted for OPEB	\$15,808,507	\$14,888,414

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

DELTA DIABLO STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
District	\$1,276,535	\$1,326,952
Total contributions	1,276,535	1,326,952
Investment income:		
Interest, dividends and other	505,519	932,562
Less: investment expenses	(73,072)	(69,615)
Total net investment income	432,447	862,947
Total additions	1,708,982	2,189,899
DISTRIBUTIONS		
Payments made to retirees	788,889	698,935
Total distributions	788,889	698,935
Change in net position	920,093	1,490,964
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR OPEB		
Beginning of year	14,888,414	13,397,450
End of year	\$15,808,507	\$14,888,414

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General

Delta Diablo (District), formerly known as Delta Diablo Sanitation District, was formed in 1955 and later incorporated in October 1976 to serve the cities of Antioch and Pittsburg and the unincorporated community of Bay Point. Treatment of the wastewater collected from the three communities began in 1982.

The District constructs and operates subregional wastewater facilities and is responsible for maintenance of the collection system in Bay Point.

The District is divided into three separate zones and may impose different service charges for each area in accordance with the benefits received by those areas.

The Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund is an irrevocable trust to account for contributions and investment income restricted to pay medical benefits. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by the Board of Directors. Eligibility, actuarial interest rates, administration and certain other tasks are the responsibility of the Board established by action of the Board. The financial activities of the Plan have been included in these financial statements in the OPEB Trust Fund. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these basic financial statements present Delta Diablo and its component unit. The component unit discussed in the following paragraph is included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of is operational or financial relationships with the District.

Blended Component Unit – The Delta Diablo Integrated Financing Corporation (Corporation) was organized November 1, 1988, under the Non-Profit Public Benefit Corporation Law of the State of California solely for the purpose of providing financial assistance to the District by acquiring, constructing, improving and financing various facilities, land and equipment, and by leasing or selling certain facilities, land and equipment for the use and benefit of the public served by the District. The Corporation has no members and the Board of Directors of the Corporation consists of the same persons who are serving as the Board of Directors of the District. There are no separate basic financial statements for the Corporation.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A.

The Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position display information about Delta Diablo. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expenses, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expense incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities similar to those in the private sector, where the proper matching of revenues and costs is important and the full accrual basis of accounting is required. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities of the enterprise are recorded on its statement of net position, all revenues are recognized when earned and all expenses, including depreciation, are recognized when incurred.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

In addition to the District's enterprise activities, the District maintains a fiduciary fund to account for the assets held in a trustee capacity. Fiduciary funds are also accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The District reports the following fiduciary fund:

The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund (OPEB Trust Fund) is an irrevocable trust fund used to account for assets held by the District as Trustee for the other postemployment benefits as further described in Note 9.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District annually prepares and presents a proposed annual operating and capital budget to the District's Board of Directors. The budget is reviewed and adopted by the Board. The District has a five-year Capital Improvement Program which is updated annually and adopted by the Board. Budgetary controls are used and maintained by the District to facilitate compliance with the annually appropriated budget.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Compensated Absences

The total amount of liability for compensated absences is reflected in the basic financial statements. See Note 6 for additional information regarding compensated absences.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District defines cash and cash equivalents to include all cash and temporary investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

H. Materials and Supplies

Inventories consist of operational materials and supplies, which are valued using the weighted average costing method.

I. Revenues – Capital Facilities Capacity Charges

Capital facilities capacity charges are a one-time, non-discriminatory charge imposed at the time a structure is connected to the District's system, directly or indirectly, or an existing structure or category of use is expanded or increased. The charge is to pay for District facilities in existence at the time the charge is imposed, or to pay for new facilities to be constructed in the future, that are of benefit to the property being charged.

Revenues derived from these charges are used for the acquisition, construction and reconstruction of the wastewater collection, conveyance, treatment and disposal facilities of the District, to repay principal and interest on debt instruments, or to repay federal or state loans for the construction and reconstruction of the sewerage facilities, together with costs of administration and provisions for necessary reserves.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

L. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2020.

GASB 95 – Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance – This Statement extended the implementation dates for 15 GASB Statements and Implementation Guides by 1 year or more. Of course, many of the Statements could be early-implemented, as applicable.

M. Reclassification

For the year ended June 30, 2020, certain classifications have been changed to improve financial statement presentation. For comparative purposes, prior year balances have been reclassified to conform with the fiscal year 2020 presentation.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Policies

The District and its fiscal agents invest in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. In order to maximize security, the District employs the Trust Department of a bank as the custodian of all District managed investments, regardless of their form.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the District's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral.

The District's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The District adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year. In the District's case, fair value equals fair market value, since all District's investments are readily marketable.

B. Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted.

	June 30,		
	2020	2019	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$19,642,362	\$5,066,900	
Investments	8,183,127	27,645,233	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	57,018		
Restricted investments	1,008,283	1,008,283	
Committed investments	42,701,341	30,870,249	
Cash and investments held with OPEB trust	15,808,507	14,888,414	
Total Cash and Investments	\$87,400,638	\$79,479,079	

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District's cash and investments consist of the following as of:

	June 30,		
	2020	2019	
Cash on hand	\$600	\$600	
Cash with County Treasury Pool	1,818,668	1,720,595	
Deposits with financial institutions	17,880,112	3,345,705	
Investments	51,892,751	59,523,765	
Cash and investments held with OPEB trust	15,808,507	14,888,414	
Total Cash and Investments	\$87,400,638	\$79,479,079	

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the District's Investment Policy, where it is more restrictive, that address interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk.

			Maximum	
		Minimum	Percentage	Maximum
	Maximum	Credit	of	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality	Portfolio	in One Issuer
United States Treasury Obligations	5 years		100%	No Limit
United States Government Agency	5 years		100%	No Limit
Obligations				
State of California Obligations	5 years		100%	No Limit
Local Agency Obligations	5 years		100%	No Limit
Banker's Acceptances	180 days		40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1	25%	10%
United States Medium-Term Corporate	5 years	AA	30%	No Limit
Notes				
Supranationals	5 years	AA	30%	No Limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1 year	AA	30%	No Limit
			\$75	
Local Agency Investment Fund	n/a		million per	No Limit
			account	
Local Government Investment Pools	n/a	AAA	100%	No Limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	n/a		15%	10%
Insured savings or money market	n/a		100%	No Limit
accounts				

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value changes in market interest rates. The District generally manages its interest rate risk by holding investments to maturity which is required by the District's Investment Policy.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity or earliest call dates, at June 30, 2020:

Larvagement True	12 Months	Total
Investment Type	or less	Total
California Local Agency Investment Fund	\$46,609,201	\$46,609,201
California Asset Management Program	5,282,168	5,282,168
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,382	1,382
Total Investments	\$51,892,751	\$51,892,751

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity or earliest call dates, at June 30, 2019:

	12 Months	
Investment Type	or less	Total
California Local Agency Investment Fund	\$54,327,070	\$54,327,070
California Asset Management Program	5,195,330	5,195,330
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,365	1,365
Total Investments	\$59,523,765	\$59,523,765

The District is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The District reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, these investments matured in an average of 191 and 173 days, respectively.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District is a participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of CAMP participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. CAMP investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, these investments had an average maturity of 53 and 54 days, respectively.

Money market mutual funds are available for withdrawal on demand. At June 30, 2020 and 2019 these investments had an average of 44 and 27 days, respectively.

The District has authorized staff to deposit cash with the Contra Costa County Treasurer in a series of pooled accounts with cash from various other governmental entities within the County, for investment purposes. The County's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the County has an investment committee, which prescribes written investment policies regarding the types of investments that may be made. The policies limit amounts that may be invested in any one financial institution or amounts, which may be invested in long-term instruments. Interest earned from such time deposits and investments is allocated quarterly to the District based on its average daily cash balances. The fair value of the account at June 30, 2019 was provided by the County Treasurer.

F. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2020 for each investment type as provided by Moody's investment rating system:

Investment Type	Aaa	Total
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$1,382	\$1,382
Total	\$1,382	1,382
Not Rated:		
California Local Agency Investment Fund		46,609,201
California Asset Management Program		5,282,168
Total Investments		\$51,892,751

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2019 for each investment type as provided by Moody's investment rating system:

Investment Type	Aaa	Total
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$1,365	\$1,365
Total	\$1,365	1,365
Not Rated:		_
California Local Agency Investment Fund		54,327,070
California Asset Management Program	_	5,195,330
Total Investments		\$59,523,765

G. Concentration Risk

There are no instances of concentration risk at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

H. Restricted Cash and Investments

The District segregates cash and investments into funds that are "Restricted" and "Unrestricted." Funds are "restricted" when limitations on use of the resources are imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provision or by enabling legislation. "Unrestricted" resources are designated by the Board of Directors through policy adoption, or constrained for a specific purpose by committees or officials with authority delegated by the Board.

Restricted for Debt Service – **State Revolving Fund Loan** – The District has restricted investments in reserves as required by the agreement between the District and the California State Water Resources Control Board State Revolving Fund Loan (SRF) in the amount of \$1,008,283 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Restricted for Escrow – Headworks Improvement Project – The District held \$57,018 at June 30, 2020, in escrow related to retentions on the construction project.

I. Board Committed Investments

The District has the following committed investments as of June 30:

Committed for Economic Uncertainty – The District has committed investments to ensure the continued ability to provide wastewater services during budget shortfalls or unforeseen circumstances and provide adequate funding to mitigate overall rate volatility resulting from economic changes or events that significantly decrease the District's revenues or increase the District's operating costs. Funding amounted to \$9,299,090 and \$9,657,506 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Committed for Advanced Treatment (AT) – The District has committed investments for advanced treatment projects to meet more stringent anticipated discharge regulations (e.g., nutrient removal). Funding amounted to \$19,746,369 and \$18,854,300 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Committed for Salary Continuation Benefit – The District has committed investments for employee assistance in accordance with employee labor contracts. Funding amounted to \$3,250 and \$66,412 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Committed for Self-Insurance – The District has committed investments to cover self-insured losses. Funding amounted to \$500,000 at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

J. Fair Value Hierarchy

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the District as of June 30, 2020:

Total
\$1,382
46,609,201
5,282,168
\$51,892,751

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the District as of June 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Total
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:	
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$1,365
Investments Exempt from Fair Value Hierarchy:	
California Local Agency Investment Fund	54,327,070
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value Per Share:	
California Asset Management Program	5,195,330
Total Investments	\$59,523,765

NOTE 3 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable at June 30 consisted of the following:

	2020	2019
Recycled Water:		
City of Antioch	\$2,759,522	\$3,009,232
City of Antioch - Surcharge	768,898	817,013
City of Pittsburg - Surcharge	113,578	148,337
Household Hazardous Waste:		
Contra Costa County	57,854	60,104
Total Notes Receivable	3,699,852	4,034,686
Less: Current Portion	(338,783)	(334,833)
Long-Term Portion	\$3,361,069	\$3,699,853

Recycled Water (RW): City of Antioch – The District and the City of Antioch (City) entered into a Joint Powers Agreement on November 18, 2003, for the purpose of development and operation of a "Recycled Water Program" (the Project). Under the provisions of the agreement, the Project is to be jointly funded (50/50) by the District and the City. The District is authorized to design, construct, own, operate and regulate the facilities.

In fiscal year 2010/2011 (FY 2011), the District recognized a Note Receivable in the amount of \$5,753,348 from the City of Antioch for their net share of the costs for this project. This note has an interest rate of .077% with principal and interest due annually commencing December 31, 2011 and maturing on December 31, 2030. On June 10, 2012, the District and the City of Antioch amended the Joint Powers Agreement to cap this Notes Receivable to a maximum of \$5,000,000. As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the outstanding balance was \$768,898 and \$817,013, respectively.

In FY 2012, additional project cost share incurred in excess of \$5 million in the amount of \$1,102,272 will be financed by the District at an interest rate of 4.25% with principal and interest due monthly over a 20-year term commencing July 1, 2012 and maturing on June 1, 2032. This monthly installment is billed to the City of Antioch as a Recycled Water Surcharge and annually amounts to \$81,908. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$2,759,522 and \$3,009,232, respectively.

City of Pittsburg – The District and the City of Pittsburg (City) entered into a Joint Powers Agreement on November 24, 1999, for the purpose of development and operation of a "Recycled Water Program" (the Project). The goal of this project is to construct a conveyance system and transport recycled water to the City's golf course and certain parks to reduce the City's reliance on treated drinking water for irrigation. Under the provisions of the agreement, the Project is to be jointly funded by the District and the City. The City is responsible for the design and construction of the Project. The District will operate and maintain after construction is completed. The original project was completed, however, it was discovered that a portion of the previously existing line needs to be rehabilitated in order to ensure reliability. The estimated cost for this rehabilitation project was \$1,500,000. Of this amount, the City has agreed to pay a maximum of \$375,000 payable over a 10-year term with an interest of 4.25 percent (prime plus 1 percent).

NOTE 3 – NOTES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

The actual cost of this rehabilitation amounted to \$244,187. The District recognized a Note Receivable for this amount with principal and interest due monthly commencing July 1, 2013 and maturing on June 1, 2023. This monthly installment is billed to the City of Pittsburg as a Recycled Water Surcharge and annually amounts to \$40,391. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$113,578 and \$148,337, respectively.

Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) – The District owns and operates a Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) and a Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generator (CESQG) waste collection facility. In an agreement dated July 1, 2002, Contra Costa County, Ironhouse Sanitary District and the Cities of Antioch, Brentwood and Pittsburg (Subscribers) agreed to reimburse the District for capital costs in planning and constructing the household hazardous waste facility.

On April 9, 2008, this agreement was amended and includes capital cost sharing minus any grants received for the planning and construction of the new facility expansion. The Delta Household Hazardous Waste Collection Facility (DHHWCF) expansion was completed in September 2009. Per the provisions of this amendment, the outstanding principal balance from the original facility construction will be combined with the new facility expansion costs, to be re-paid over a 25-year period with interest at 6% per annum. Total capital costs were allocated to the Subscribers based on the number of housing units in each Subscriber's jurisdiction. The City of Brentwood and Ironhouse Sanitary District have paid their respective shares in full. The total outstanding balance of the loan as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$57,854 and \$60,104, respectively.

NOTE 4 – EMPLOYEE COMPUTER LOANS RECEIVABLE

The District provides a zero interest loan to its employees for the purchase of personal computers. These loans are payable in a maximum of 78 equal payroll deductions (3 years). The maximum amount each employee may borrow is \$2,500. The loan receivable balances were as follows as of June 30:

	2020	2019
Employee computer loans Less: Current portion	\$5,414 (4,429)	\$9,410 (5,931)
Long-term portion	\$985	\$3,479

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at the time of purchase and are capitalized at cost. The District capitalizes as part of the asset cost, any significant interest incurred during the construction phase of the asset. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The District defines capital assets as property, plant and equipment with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method for assets other than land and construction in progress. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Conveyance and collection systems	50 years
Treatment plant	40 years
Office furniture	15 years
Shop, lab and other equipment	10 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Vehicles	3 years

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Changes in property, plant and equipment, and construction in progress are summarized below for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance at June 30, 2019	Additions	Transfers	Retirement	Balance at June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$6,490,355				\$6,490,355
Construction in Progress	10,426,167	\$17,104,582	(\$200,478)	(\$3,175,650)	24,154,621
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16,916,522	17,104,582	(200,478)	(3,175,650)	30,644,976
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Treatment & Collection System	250,758,525				250,758,525
Equipment	4,980,861		200,478	(\$90,300)	5,091,039
Total capital assets being depreciated	255,739,386		200,478	(90,300)	255,849,564
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Treatment & Collection System	125,959,647	6,972,662			132,932,309
Equipment	4,783,904	230,334		(90,300)	4,923,938
Total accumulated depreciation	130,743,551	7,202,996		(90,300)	137,856,247
Net capital assets being depreciated	124,995,835	(7,202,996)	200,478		117,993,317
Total Capital Assets, net	\$141,912,357	\$9,901,586		(\$3,175,650)	\$148,638,293

Changes in property, plant and equipment, and construction in progress are summarized below for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance at				Balance at
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Transfers	Retirement	June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$6,226,308	\$264,047			\$6,490,355
Construction in Progress	17,703,738	7,524,462	(\$14,802,033)		10,426,167
Total capital assets not being depreciated	23,930,046	7,788,509	(14,802,033)		16,916,522
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Treatment & Collection System	235,962,185		14,796,340		250,758,525
Equipment	5,053,575	7,264	5,693	(\$85,671)	4,980,861
Total capital assets being depreciated	241,015,760	7,264	14,802,033	(85,671)	255,739,386
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Treatment & Collection System	119,309,646	6,650,001			125,959,647
Equipment	4,593,381	276,194		(85,671)	4,783,904
Total accumulated depreciation	123,903,027	6,926,195		(85,671)	130,743,551
Net capital assets being depreciated	117,112,733	(6,918,931)	14,802,033		124,995,835
Total Capital Assets, net	\$141,042,779	\$869,578			\$141,912,357

Construction in progress represents construction of treatment facilities and conveyance systems.

NOTE 6 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated unpaid vacation and compensatory time have been accrued at year end. Accumulated unpaid sick pay is not included in the amount for accrued benefits due to the contingent nature of any future payment.

The changes in compensated absences were as follows for the fiscal years ended June 30:

	2020	2019
Beginning Balance	\$913,343	\$858,613
Additions	1,139,719	915,310
Payments	(996,660)	(860,580)
Ending Balance	\$1,056,402	\$913,343
Current Portion	\$892,511	\$833,528
Non-Current Portion	\$163,891	\$79,815

In addition, the Board has set up a Catastrophic Leave Bank, which accumulates up to 40 hours from each terminated employee's forfeited sick leave. Employees may also donate vacation hours. This time may be used by employees who have used all their sick leave due to catastrophic illness and need additional time off. Accumulated Catastrophic Leave at June 30, 2020 was \$43,786 and is included in the balance of Accrued Payroll and Benefits on the Statements of Net Position.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Current Year Transactions and Balances

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Original	.				Amount
	Issue	Balance			Balance	due within
Direct Borrowings:	Amount	June 30, 2019	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2020	one year
2010 RW State Revolving Fund Loan						
.077% due 4/03/2030	\$6,325,503	\$3,806,905		\$315,901	\$3,491,004	\$316,144
2011 WW Installment Sale Agreement						
4.9%, due 6/24/2031	2,344,210	1,419,331		71,057	1,348,274	78,021
2011 WW State Revolving Fund Loan						
2.60%, due 4/03/2033	5,041,873	3,789,125		227,840	3,561,285	233,764
2015 WW California Energy Commission Loan						
1.00%, due 06/22/2029	700,000	511,834		48,907	462,927	49,409
2015 Bay Point State Revolving Fund Loan						
1.9% due 11/01/2044	1,188,820	1,052,464		31,677	1,020,787	32,278
2016 Pittsburg State Revolving Fund Loan						
1.9% due 11/1/2046	12,000,000	11,072,449		303,196	10,769,253	308,959
2016 WW State Revolving Fund Loan						
1.9% due 12/30/2046	2,054,000	1,903,454		54,607	1,848,847	55,646
2019 WW State Revolving Fund Loan						
1.9% due 12/1/2050	1,206,169		\$1,206,169		1,206,169	
Total Long-Term Debt		23,555,562	\$1,206,169	\$1,053,185	23,708,546	\$1,074,221
Less:						
Amount due within one year		(1,053,187)			(1,074,221)	
Total Long-Term Debt, net		\$22,502,375			\$22,634,325	

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Original Issue	Balance			Balance	Amount due within
Direct Borrowings:	Amount	June 30, 2018	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2019	one year
2010 State Revolving Fund Loan	-					
.077% due 4/03/2030	\$6,325,503	\$4,122,562		\$315,657	\$3,806,905	\$315,901
2011 Installment Sale Agreement						
4.9%, due 6/24/2031	2,344,210	1,483,830		64,499	1,419,331	71,057
2011 State Revolving Fund Loan						
2.60%, due 4/03/2033	5,041,873	4,011,192		222,067	3,789,125	227,840
2015 California Energy Commission Loan						
1.00%, due 06/22/2029	700,000	560,266		48,432	511,834	48,906
2015 Bay Point State Revolving Fund Loan						
1.9% due 11/01/2044	1,188,820	1,083,550		31,086	1,052,464	31,677
2016 PB State Revolving Fund Loan						
1.9% due 11/1/2046	12,000,000	9,083,957	\$2,324,520	336,028	11,072,449	303,198
2016 WW State Revolving Fund Loan						
1.9% due 12/30/2046	2,054,000	1,957,044		53,590	1,903,454	54,608
Total Long-Term Debt		22,302,401	\$2,324,520	\$1,071,359	23,555,562	\$1,053,187
					=	
Less:						
Amount due within one year		(973,476)			(1,053,187)	
Total Long-Term Debt, net		\$21,328,925			\$22,502,375	

B. 2010 RW State Revolving Fund Loan

The District entered into a loan contract with the State of California Water Resources Control Board on July 8, 2009, for the purpose of financing the Antioch/Delta Diablo Sanitation District Recycled Water Project. The loan amount totals \$6,325,503 with a stated interest rate of .077% per annum over a 20-year term. The City of Antioch owes the District \$5,000,000 of this amount as part of their cost share for the Recycled Water Antioch Project (see Note 3 - Notes Receivable). Principal payments are due annually beginning on December 31, 2011 through the fiscal year 2030/31 and are paid from revenue received from the City of Antioch.

C. 2011 Installment Sale Agreement

On June 9, 2011, the District entered into an installment sale agreement (agreement) with Municipal Finance Corporation, which was subsequently assigned to City National Bank on June 22, 2011, for the purpose of financing a solar energy project. The agreement amount totals \$2,344,210 with a stated interest of 4.9% per annum, and is payable from revenues of the District. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually on December 24 and June 24, commencing December 24, 2011 and maturing on June 24, 2031. The outstanding loan from directing borrowings contain a provision that in an event of default, they declare all principal components of the unpaid installment payments, together with all accrued and unpaid interest components immediately due.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

D. 2011 WW State Revolving Fund Loan

The District entered into a loan contract with the State of California Water Resources Control Board on March 25, 2011, for the purpose of financing the Aeration System Improvement Project. The loan amount totals \$5,041,873 with a stated interest rate of 2.60% per annum. Principal payments are due annually beginning on April 3, 2014 through the fiscal year 2033.

E. 2015 California Energy Commission Loan

The District entered into a loan agreement with the California Energy Resources Conservation Development Commission on October 10, 2013, for the purpose of financing the Energy Savings Project. The project consists of energy savings projects to be installed at the Wastewater Treatment Plant. The loan amount totals \$700,000 at 1.00% interest per annum on the unpaid principal. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually beginning on December 22, 2015 through the fiscal year 2029.

F. 2015 Bay Point State Revolving Fund Loan

On October 8, 2014, the District entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board for the purpose of financing the Bay Point Wastewater Infrastructure Repair and Rehabilitation Project (Phase 1). The loan principal totals \$1,188,820 with a 30-year term and stated interest of 1.9% per annum. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually, on November 1 and May 1, commencing on November 1, 2015 and maturing on November 1, 2044.

G. 2016 Pittsburg State Revolving Fund Loan

On October 24, 2014, the District entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board for the purpose of financing the Pittsburg Forcemain Improvement Project. The loan principal totals \$12,000,000 with a 30-year term and stated interest of 1.9% per annum. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually, on November 1 and May 1, commencing November 1, 2017 and maturing on November 1, 2046, from the Waste Water Fund (75%) and Bay Point Collection Fund (25%).

H 2016 Wastewater State Revolving Fund Loan

On August 8, 2014, the District entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board for the purpose of financing Bay Point Wastewater Infrastructure Repair and Rehabilitation Project (Phase 3). The loan principal totals \$2,054,000 with a 30-year term and stated interest of 1.9% per annum. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually, on November 1 and May 1, commencing on November 1, 2016 and maturing on November 1, 2045.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

I. 2017 Recycled Water State Revolving Fund Loan

On September 23, 2016, the District entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board for the purpose of financing the Recycled Water System Storage Tank Project. The loan principal totaled \$6,000,000 with a 30-year term and stated interest of 1% per annum. Principal and interest payments were due semi-annually, on November 1 and May 1, commencing on December 1, 2018 and maturing on December 1, 2048. This loan was fully repaid and retired in March 2018 due to the cancellation of the associated project.

J. 2019 Wastewater State Revolving Fund Loan

On August 8, 2014, the District entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board for the purpose of financing the Pump Station Facility Repair (Phase 2). The loan principal totals \$13,500,000 with a 30-year term and stated interest of 1.9% per annum. Principal payments are due annually on July 31, and interest payments are due semi-annually, on July 31 and January 31. Payments commence on July 31, 2022 and mature on July 31, 2051. As of June 30, 2020, the District has drawn down a total of \$1,206,169.

K. 2020 Wastewater State Revolving Fund Loan

On August 8, 2014, the District entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Water Resources Control Board for the purpose of financing 2017 Sewer Pipeline Repair (Phase 4). The loan principal totals \$4,211,170 with a 30-year term and stated interest of 1.9% per annum. Principal payments are due annually on December 1, and interest payments are due semi-annually, on December 1 and June 1. Payments commence on November 1, 2021 and mature on December 1, 2050. As of June 30, 2020, the District has not drawn down any of these funds.

L. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below for all long-term debt as of June 30, 2020:

Direct Borrowings			
For The Year			
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$1,074,221	\$420,277	\$1,494,498
2022	1,095,973	401,937	1,497,910
2023	1,149,310	405,691	1,555,001
2024	1,173,190	385,389	1,558,579
2025	1,197,921	364,322	1,562,243
2026 - 2030	6,338,141	1,477,386	7,815,527
2031 - 2035	4,098,865	905,539	5,004,404
2036 - 2040	2,938,448	583,512	3,521,960
2041 - 2045	3,228,508	291,070	3,519,578
2046 - 2050	1,335,073	40,509	1,375,582
2051 - 2052	78,896	1,504	80,400
Total payments due	\$23,708,546	\$5,277,136	\$28,905,282

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description — All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Rate Plan. The District's Miscellaneous Rate Plan are part of the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer, which is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The employer participates in one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan regardless of the number of rate plans the employer sponsors. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Board resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III
	Prior to 6/30/12	6/30/12 to 12/31/12	On or after
		and employees hired	1/1/13; new
		on or after 1/1/13	member
		who are not a "new	
Hire date		member"	
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	55	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.70%	2.00%	2.00%
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.00%	7.25%
Required employer contribution rates	13.666%	10.579%	7.191%

CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability (UAL). The dollar amounts for the UAL were paid in lump-sum in July 2018. The District's total annual required contribution was \$992,686 in fiscal year 2020.

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, the contributions to the Plan were as follows:

	2020	2019
	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
	Tier I, II & III	Tier I, II & III
Contributions - employer	\$2,071,446	\$1,880,697
Contributions - employee (paid by employer)	992,686	177,870

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of June 30, the District reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	2020	2019
	Proportionate	Proportionate
	Share of Net	Share of Net
	Pension Liability	Pension Liability
CCCERA Plan	\$1,673,872	\$2,433,196
Miscellaneous Tier I, II & III	16,618,622	15,143,491
Total Net Pension Liability	\$18,292,494	\$17,576,687

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT (Continued)

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2019 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
	Tier I, II & III
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.38228%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.37440%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.00788%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District's recognized pension expense of \$3,777,006. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Tier I, Tier II, & III	
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Contributions made after the measurement date	\$2,071,446	
Differences between actual and expected experience	1,154,234	(\$89,430)
Changes in assumptions	792,453	(280,918)
Change in employer's proportion	484,354	
Net differences in actual contributions and proportionate contributions		(349,108)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments		(290,545)
Total	\$4,502,487	(\$1,010,001)

Deferred outflows of \$2,071,446 related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Miscellaneous -Tier I, II, & III		
Annual		
Amortization		
\$1,302,605		
(108,969)		
168,693		
58,711		
\$1,421,040		

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Tier I, Tier II, & III	
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Contributions made after the measurement date	\$1,880,696	
Differences between actual and expected experience	581,029	(\$197,721)
Changes in assumptions	1,726,403	(423,108)
Changes in employer's proportion	356,582	
Net differences in actual contributions and proportionate		
contributions		(275,832)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	74,866	
Total	\$4,619,576	(\$896,661)

Deferred outflows of \$1,880,696 related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date, was recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	All Plans
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% (2)
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS Membership data for all
	Funds (3)
Post Retirement Benefit Increases	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CALPERS' Specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CALPERS demograchic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of a December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Plan was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for the Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members for all. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equal rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects expected real rate of return by asset class.

(A) Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(B)	Real Return Years 11+(C)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%		-0.92%
Total	100%		

- (A) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (B) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (C) An expected inflation of 2.92% used this period.

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate at June 30, 2020:

	Miscellaneous - Tier I, II & III
1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$25,893,761
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$16,618,622
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	8.15% \$8,962,651

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

C. Subsequent Event

Subsequent Event – CalPERS Pension Contribution Rates – The CalPERS Board of Administration has adopted a new amortization policy effective with the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. The new policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed using a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy removes the 5-year ramp-up and ramp-down on UAL bases attributable to assumption changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy removes the 5-year ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes will apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019. As a result of these changes, the District's contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are expected to increase over the fiscal year 2020 contribution rates.

D. Contra Costa County Employees Retirement Association Closed Plan

The District discontinued participation in the Contra Costa County Employees Retirement Association (CCCERA) effective June 20, 2004. The termination agreement provides for an evaluation of any additional liability owed to CCCERA every three years. CCCERA retained certain assets contributed by the District and they remain responsible for retiree benefits for retirees and deferred vested members who were not transferred to the CalPERS system. The designation of 3.75% of payroll annually for Employee Benefit Costs will be a source of funds to address this or other liabilities due. CCCERA's actuary has conducted and determined the District's termination liability using the triennial experience analysis as of December 31, 2015. Based on this analysis and in accordance with the termination agreement with CCCERA, the District's unfunded obligation of \$2,017,307 is to be amortized over 15 years, resulting in annual payments of \$221,489 starting December 31, 2016. The next triennial actuarial valuation is expected on November 2022. As of June 30, 2020, in accordance with GASB 68, the District recorded a net pension liability of \$1,673,872 under the CCCERA plan.

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description and Funding Policy

The District provides post-retirement health care benefits to eligible retirees in accordance with Memorandums of Understanding (M.O.U.s) with employee groups. In accordance with the M.O.U.s, the District contracts with CalPERS to provide post-retirement health benefits through the CalPERS PEMHCA program, which provides for vesting at age 50 with five (5) years of service. The District implemented the California State Vesting Program for Retiree Health Care as regulated by Government Code 22893 by resolution (8/2008).

All District employees hired after the implementation date (01/01/2009), will be enrolled in the State's Vesting Program, which starts fifty percent (50%) medical benefit at age 50 with 10 years of service, increasing by 5% for each additional year of service to 100% with 20 years of service. The District contribution for eligible retirees (and spouses) is continued at the rate in effect each year. The cost of the benefits provided by the plan is currently being pre-funded in an irrevocable trust by the District. The District's plans to fund the benefits provided under the plan over a 30-year horizon, with minimal impacts to District rate payers. Upon adoption of the annual fiscal year operating budget, the District will transfer all funds budgeted for retiree medical premiums to its OPEB Trust Fund. Additional funding over and above the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) will be set by the District Board from all or part of the following sources, in the order listed below:

- 1. Unanticipated revenue streams (either one-time or on-going)
- 2. Wastewater Service Charge revenues exceed planned levels for the prior fiscal year
- 3. Unused wastewater operating contingency funds from the prior fiscal year
- 4. Wastewater operating budget savings from the prior fiscal year
- 5. Ad valorem tax revenues
- 6. The wastewater general fund

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

On July 14, 2011, the Board adopted the District's Retiree Health Funding Plan which outlines that employees will begin contributing 1% of their salaries to the OPEB trust in July 2010; that these contributions will increase to 2% of salaries in July 2011 and to 3% of salaries in July 2012. It also covers all of the other key elements of the Principles of Agreement such as 1) employee contributions are made on a pre-tax basis and are included in employee compensation for CalPERS retirement purposes; 2) the District at least match the annual employee contributions; 3) the District make a good faith effort to fully fund the remaining ADC each year; and 4) that in recognition of the employees' initiative in assisting in funding the OPEB obligation, the terms of the bargaining units' MOU with the District be extended by three years to June 30, 2021.

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30,
	2020 and 2019
Plan Type	Single Employer
OPEB Trust	Yes
Special Funding Situation	No
Nonemployer Contributing Entity	No

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – Membership in the plan consisted of the following at the measurement date of June 30:

	2020	2019
Active plan members	71	75
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefit payments	56	56
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet		
receiving benefit payments	3	2
Total	130	133

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Net OPEB Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The District net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2018 that was rolled forward to determine the \$20,011,910 total OPEB liability June 30, 2020, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumption

Valuation DateJune 30, 2018Measurement DateJune 30, 2020Actuarial Cost MethodEntry Age Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.25%

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Inflation} & 2.75\% \mbox{ per annum} \\ \mbox{Payroll Growth} & \mbox{Aggregate - 3\% annually} \end{array}$

Investment Rate of Return

Same as discount rate. Plan assets projected to be sufficient to pay all benefits from

trust.

Mortality, Retirement, CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study

Disability, Termination

Mortality Improvement Post-retirement mortality projected fully

generational with Scale MP-2018

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076

Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076

Participation at Actives covered & surviving spouse hired < 1/1/09

Retirement - 10

Actives covered & surviving spouse hired $\geq 1/1/09$ - 0% with <10 years service, 90% with 10-14 years, 95% with 15-19 years, 100% with 20+ years Actives waived - 80% of above assumption for

covered active

Retirees & surviving spouses - 100% if covered, 20% at 65 if waived \leq 65, 0% waived \geq 65

The underlying mortality assumptions were based on the CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of a June 30, 2017 actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables.

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables as of June 30:

	2020			
		Long-Term		
	Target	Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
Global Equity	58%	4.82%		
Fixed Income	35%	1.47%		
REITs	2%	3.76%		
Cash	5%	0.06%		
Total	100%	_		
•		_		
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation		2.75%		
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return		6.25%		
	2019			
		Long-Term		
	Target	Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
Global Equity	58%	4.82%		
Fixed Income	35%	1.47%		
REITs	2%	3.76%		
Cash	5%	0.06%		
Total	100%	_		
•		=		
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation		2.75%		
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return		6.25%		

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25% for 2020 and 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

The changes in the Net OPEB Liability follows as of June 30, 2020:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary Net	Net OPEB	
	Liability	Position	Liability/(Asset)	
	(a)	(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$19,025,112	\$14,888,414	\$4,136,698	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:				
Service Cost	771,606		771,606	
Interest on the total OPEB liability	1,206,322		1,206,322	
Difference between expected and actual experience				
Changes of assumptions				
Contributions from the employer		1,202,808	(1,202,808)	
Contributions from the employees		278,048	(278,048)	
Net investment income		467,104	(467,104)	
Administrative expenses		(36,736)	36,736	
Benefit payments and refunds	(991,130)	(991,130)		
Net Changes during July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	986,798	920,094	66,704	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$20,011,910	\$15,808,508	\$4,203,402	

The changes in the Net OPEB Liability follows as of June 30, 2019:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary Net	Net OPEB	
	Liability	Position	Liability/(Asset)	
	(a)	(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$18,170,000	\$13,397,000	\$4,773,000	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:				
Service Cost	779,569		779,569	
Interest on the total OPEB liability	1,203,775		1,203,775	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(631,144)		(631,144)	
Changes in benefit terms	362,822		362,822	
Contributions from the employer		1,208,525	(1,208,525)	
Contributions from the employees		281,058	(281,058)	
Net investment income		896,214	(896,214)	
Administrative expenses		(34,473)	34,473	
Benefit payments and refunds	(859,910)	(859,910)		
Net Changes during July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	855,112	1,491,414	(636,302)	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$19,025,112	\$14,888,414	\$4,136,698	

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

D. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate as of June 30:

2020 Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

Discount Rate -1% (5.25%)	Current Discount (6.25%)	Discount Rate +1% (7.25%)
\$6,736,071	\$4,203,402	\$2,112,750

2019
Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

Discount Rate -1% (5.50%)	Current Discount Rate (6.50%)	Discount Rate +1% (7.50%)	
\$6,556,942	\$4,136,698	\$2,140,030	

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

2020 Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

Discount Rate -1%	Health Care Cost Trend Rates	Discount Rate +1%		
\$1,525,167	\$4,203,402	\$7,516,435		

2019

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

Discount Rate -1% Health Care Cost Trend Rates		Discount Rate +1%
\$1,743,233	\$4,136,698	\$7,090,044

NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

E. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$805,899. As of June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	(\$424,212)	
\$243,864		
351,283		
\$595,147	(\$424,212)	
	\$243,864 351,283	

The District did not have any contributions subsequent to the measurement date to report as deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period	Annual
Ended June 30	Amortization
2020	\$32,062
2021	31,062
2022	57,063
2023	55,148
2024	(4,400)
Total	\$170,935

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$763,901. As of June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	·	(\$527,678)
Changes of assumptions	\$303,343	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
OPEB plan investments		(68,343)
Total	\$303,343	(\$596,021)

F. Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a payable of \$170,935 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disaster. The District joined together with other entities to form the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority (CSRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 60 member entities. The purpose of CSRMA is to spread the adverse effects of losses among the member entities and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its cost. The District pays an annual premium to CSRMA for its general liability, property damage, workers compensation insurance and automobile coverage.

CSRMA is governed by a Board composed of one representative from each member agency. The Board controls the operations of CSRMA including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member entities.

CSRMA is not a component unit of the District and the District's share of assets, liabilities, and equity has not been calculated.

The following is a summary of the insurance policies in force carried by the District as of June 30, 2020:

Type of Coverage	Limits	Deductibles
General Liability	\$15,500,000	\$100,000
Excess General Liability	25,500,000	None
Worker's Compensation	750,000	None
Excess Worker's Compensation Liability	Statutory Limit	750,000
Special Form Property	182,824,788	25,000
Public Entity Pollution Liability	2,000,000	100,000
Cyber Liability Coverage	2,000,000	None
Master Crime Liability	2,000,000	2,500

The District also maintains employee fidelity bonds to protect against the risk of employee theft or defalcation. Settled claims for CSRMA or employee fidelity bonds have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. Audited financial statements of CSRMA may be obtained at 500 Washington Street, Suite 300, San Francisco, CA 94111-2933.

The District did not record a liability for outstanding claims at fiscal year-end, as management believes that the claims were minimal.

NOTE 11 – NET POSITION

Net Position is the excess of all the District's assets and deferred outflows over all its liabilities and deferred inflows, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three categories. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the District-wide level, and are described below:

Net investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Positions which is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the District cannot unilaterally alter.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Lease Revenue

Delta Energy Center, LLC (DEC) and Calpine Corporation entered into an operating lease with the District, effective December 11, 2002, to lease real property located at 2600 Pittsburg-Antioch Highway, in Pittsburg, for a cooling tower site. The base rent for the leased land started at \$32,500 per year and is set to escalate every five years based on changes in the Consumer Price Index. The current rate is \$36,540 per year. The area leased is 260 feet by 50 feet, on land that is not targeted for District improvements. The agreement terminates May 31, 2050. Minimum future rentals total \$1,096,200 at June 30, 2020. The lessee, DEC, retains an option to terminate the lease agreement by providing a thirty-day written notice to the District. The total remaining minimum future rental payments are as follows:

For the Year Ending	Minimum Future
June 30	Rentals
2021	\$36,540
2022	36,540
2023	36,540
2024	36,540
2025	36,540
2026 - 2030	182,700
2031 - 2035	182,700
2036 - 2040	182,700
2041 - 2045	182,700
2046 - 2050	182,700
	\$1,096,200

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

B. Purchase Commitments

The District has a number of purchase commitments for ongoing operating and capital projects that involves multi-year contracts. Purchase commitments related to these multi-year contracts are approximately \$20,743,786 and \$17,652,136 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

C. COVID-19 Global Pandemic

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID- 19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of businesses and shelter in place orders for all but those deemed essential services. While the business disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the closings and shelter in place orders. However, the ultimate financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.



Delta Diablo

Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF THE MEASUREMENT DATE

Last 10 Years*

			Miscellaneous			
	Tier I & II	Tier I & II	Tier I & II	Tier I & II	Tier I & II	Tier I & II
Measurement Date	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset	0.3744%	0.3823%	0.3757%	0.3817%	0.3747%	0.3345%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension						
Liability/(Asset)	\$16,618,622	\$15,143,491	\$15,484,151	\$13,258,795	\$10,279,890	\$10,961,818
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$9,473,230	\$9,738,463	\$8,705,573	\$8,075,458	\$8,138,640	\$7,681,566
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension						
Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	175.43%	155.50%	177.86%	164.19%	126.31%	142.70%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension						
Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of the Plan's Total						
Pension Liability	24.10%	23.19%	25.45%	24.48%	20.43%	24.57%

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Delta Diablo Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Years*

	Mis cellaneous Tier I, II, & III FY 2020	Miscellaneous Tier I, II, & III FY 2019	Miscellaneous Tier I, II, & III FY 2018	Mis cellaneous Tier I, II, & III FY 2017	Miscellaneous Tier I, II, & III FY 2016	Miscellaneous Tier I, II, & III FY 2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$2,071,446	\$1,880,696	\$1,710,608	\$1,663,037	\$1,669,912	\$1,251,178
determined contributions	(2,071,446)	(1,880,696)	(1,710,608)	(1,663,037)	(1,669,912)	(1,251,178)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	\$9,254,288	\$9,473,230	\$9,738,463	\$8,705,573	\$8,075,458	\$8,138,640
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	22.38%	19.85%	17.57%	19.10%	20.68%	15.37%
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013
Methods and assumptions used to determine	contribution rates:					
Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation			Entry Level percentage o 30 ye: 5-year smoot 2.75	f payroll, closed ars hed market		
Salary increases			Varies by Entry A	ge and Service		
Investment rate of return	7.15%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation	7.25%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation	7.65%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation	7.65%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation	7.5%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation	7.5%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation
Retirement age	55 yrs. Misc., 62 yrs. Tier 3		55 yrs. Misc., 62 yrs. Tier 2			
Mortality	Derived using CaIPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvement using 90% Scale MP 2-16 published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of mortality are based on the December 2017 CaIPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CaIPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

^{*} FY 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Delta Diablo Retiree Health Funding Plan SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF THE MEASUREMENT DATE

Last 10 Years*

Measurement Date	6/30/17	6/30/18	6/30/19	6/30/20
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$702,000	\$725,000	\$779,569	\$771,606
Interest	1,056,000	1,122,000	1,203,775	1,206,322
Differences between expected and actual experience	(12,000)		(631,144)	
Change of benefit terms		182,000		
Differences in assumptions			362,822	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(720,000)	(781,000)	(859,910)	(991,130)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,026,000	1,248,000	855,112	986,798
Total OPEB liability - beginning	15,896,000	16,922,000	18,170,000	19,025,112
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$16,922,000	\$18,170,000	\$19,025,112	\$20,011,910
OPEB fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$1,505,000	\$1,592,000	\$1,208,525	\$1,202,808
Contributions - employee	262,000	282,000	281,058	278,048
Net investment income	1,236,000	935,000	896,214	467,104
Administrative expense	(26,000)	(33,000)	(34,473)	(36,736)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(720,000)	(781,000)	(859,910)	(991,130)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2,257,000	1,995,000	1,491,414	920,094
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	9,145,000	11,402,000	13,397,000	14,888,414
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$11,402,000	\$13,397,000	\$14,888,414	\$15,808,508
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$5,520,000	\$4,773,000	\$4,136,698	\$4,203,402
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	67%	74%	78%	79%
Covered-employee payroll**	\$8,724,000	\$9,385,000	\$9,371,057	\$9,254,288
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	63.27%	50.86%	44.14%	45.42%

Notes to schedule:

^{*} FY 2018 was the first year of implementation.
** The District makes contributions based on the Actuarially Determined Contributions, not on the measure of pay.

Delta Diablo Retiree Health Funding Plan SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2017	2018	2019	2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to	\$926,000	\$920,000	\$910,000	\$878,000
the actuarially determined contributions	1,642,483	1,592,000	1,208,525	1,202,808
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$716,483)	(\$672,000)	(\$298,525)	(\$324,808)
Covered-Employee payroll **	\$8,724,000	\$9,385,000	\$9,371,057	\$9,254,288
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.83%	16.96%	12.90%	13.00%
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 19-year fixed (closed) period for 2019/20

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.25% General Inflation 2.75%

Medical Trend

Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076

Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076

CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study Mortality

Mortality Improvement Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP- 2018 Payroll increase Aggregate - 3% annually. Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience study

All Other Assumptions Same as those used to determine the total OPEB liability

SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS

Last 10 Years*

	2018	2019	2020
Annual Money Weighted Rate of Return,	Not		
Net of Investment Expense	Available	6.80%	3.29%

^{*} FY 2018 was the first year of implementation.

^{*} FY 2018 was the first year of implementation.
** The District makes contributions based on the Actuarially Determined Contributions, not on the measure of pay.





DELTA DIABLO SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Wastewater (A)	Wastewater Expansion (B)	Recycled Water Facility	Hazardous Waste	Street Sweeping (C)
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash	\$16,086,799	\$335,851	\$1,167,850	\$82,360	\$646,413
Investments	5,511,412	1,894,300		160,000	617,415
Restricted cash Restricted investments	57,018 726,023	133,222			
Committed investments	37,797,963	133,222	3,655,247		
Accounts receivable	600,004		543,932	98,977	\$799
Interest receivable	155,972	283	13,536	2.417	3,670
Current portion of notes receivable Current portion of employee computer loans receivable	4,429		336,366	2,417	
Inventory	873,320		69,379		
Prepaid expenses	13,237		2,336		
Total current assets	61,826,177	2,363,656	5,788,646	343,754	1,268,297
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:					
OTHER ASSETS:					
Notes receivable less current portion			3,305,632	55,437	
Interfund receivable	7,838,600				
Employee notes receivable less current portion	985				
Total other assets	7,839,585		3,305,632	55,437	
CAPITAL ASSETS:					
Capital assets, non depreciable	27,072,610		61,332	10/7117	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	82,257,814		29,689,874	1,267,117	
Total capital assets, net	109,330,424		29,751,206	1,267,117	
Total Noncurrent Assets	117,170,009		33,056,838	1,322,554	
TOTAL ASSETS	178,996,186	2,363,656	38,845,484	1,666,308	1,268,297
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to pensions Related to OPEB	4,502,487 595,147				
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,097,634				
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	4,316,280		132,874	38,081	80,244
Accrued payroll and benefits	577,080		26,676	8,750	
Deposits payable Deferred revenue	766,178 18,270		9,494	57,854	
Compensated absences - due within one year	892,511			37,634	
Current portion of long-term debt	592,913	77,240	316,144		
Accrued interest payable	48,725	8,526			
Total current liabilities	7,211,957	85,766	485,188	104,685	80,244
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES: Long-term debt, net of current portion: Certificates of participation					
State revolving fund loans	12,792,430	2,615,072	3,174,860		
Installment sale agreement	1,270,253				
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	163,891	2.020.400			
Interfund payable Net pension liability	4,000,000 18,292,494	3,838,600			
Net OPEB Liability	4,203,402				
Total long-term liabilities	40,722,470	6,453,672	3,174,860		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	47,934,427	6,539,438	3,660,048	104,685	80,244
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to pensions	1,010,001				
Related to OPEB	424,212				
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,434,213			,	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	94,674,828	(2,692,312)	26,260,202	1,267,117	
Restricted for debt service	726,023	133,222			
Unrestricted	39,324,329	(1,616,692)	8,925,234	294,506	1,188,053
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$134,725,180	(\$4,175,782)	\$35,185,436	\$1,561,623	\$1,188,053

⁽A) Wastewater is funded by user charges and is comprised of operations & maintenance, capital assets, and capital asset replacement for wastewater treatment

and operations. Starting fiscal year 11/12 includes committed for Advanced Treatment.

(B) Wastewater Expansion is funded by developers for connection fees.

(C) Street Sweeping is funded by user charges.

(B) Bay Point is funded by user charges.

Street	p p (0)	m . 1
Sweeping (C)	Bay Point (D)	Total
\$646,413	\$1,323,089	\$19,642,362
617,415	\$1,525,007	8,183,127
	140.020	57,018
	149,038 1,248,131	1,008,283 42,701,341
\$799	15,868	1,259,580
3,670	7,689	181,150
		338,783 4,429
		942,699
		15,573
1,268,297	2,743,815	74,334,345
		3,361,069
		7,838,600
		985
		11,200,654
	2.511.024	20 (44 07)
	3,511,034 4,778,512	30,644,976 117,993,317
	8,289,546	148,638,293
	8,289,546	159,838,947
1,268,297	11,033,361	234,173,292
		4.500.405
		4,502,487 595,147
		5,097,634
		3,097,034
90.244	60.765	4 (20 244
80,244	60,765 17,426	4,628,244 629,932
	143,594	919,266
		76,124
	87,924	892,511 1,074,221
	9,087	66,338
80,244	318,796	8,286,636
	2,781,710	21,364,072
	_,,,,,,,	1,270,253
		163,891
		7,838,600 18,292,494
		4,203,402
	2,781,710	53,132,712
80,244	3,100,506	61,419,348
		1,010,001
		424,212
		1,434,213
	5,419,912	124,929,747
	149,038	1,008,283
1,188,053	2,363,905	50,479,335
	, ,	
\$1,188,053	\$7,932,855	\$176,417,365

DELTA DIABLO

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Waste Water (A)	Waste Water Expansion (B)	Recycled Water Facility	Household Hazardous Waste
OPERATING REVENUES				
Service charges Discharge permits	\$31,855,654 150,600		\$3,629,421	
Household hazardous waste operating fees	,			\$424,924
Miscellaneous	468,573		2,500	458
Work for others	210,100		36,100	2,094
Total operating revenues	32,684,927		3,668,021	427,476
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	14,935,581	\$1,156	700,438	235,893
Chemicals	740,507		559,370	
Depreciation	5,673,614		1,353,678	37,424
Office and operating expense	1,781,371		124,284	34,875
Outside services and maintenance	3,920,965		349,829	351,559
Utilities	1,283,318		489,715	991
Other	1,430,240		(2,513)	
Total operating expenses	29,765,596	1,156	3,574,801	660,742
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,919,331	(1,156)	93,220	(233,266)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest expense	(244,697)	(\$129,774)	(2,931)	
Interest income	961,888	60,625	118,346	4,407
Capital facilities capacity charges		1,525,214	15,400	
Lease revenue	36,540			
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets	13,086			
Federal grants	51,758			
Subgrants				
Property taxes	2,840,437	270,631		
Total nonoperating revenues	3,659,012	1,726,696	130,815	4,407
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	6,578,343	1,725,540	224,035	(228,859)
Transfers In	868,729			197,938
Transfers (Out)	(602,823)	(917)	(321,027)	
Total transfers in (out)	265,906	(917)	(321,027)	197,938
NET INCOME (LOSS) AFTER TRANSFERS	6,844,249	1,724,623	(96,992)	(30,921)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	127,880,931	(5,900,405)	35,282,428	1,592,544
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$134,725,180	(\$4,175,782)	\$35,185,436	\$1,561,623

⁽A) Wastewater is funded by user charges and is comprised of operations & maintenance, capital assets, and capital asset replacement for wastewater treatment and operations. Starting FY 11/12 includes committed for Advanced Treatment.

⁽B) Wastewater Expansion is funded by developers for connection fees.
(C) Street Sweeping is funded by user charges.

⁽D) Bay Point is funded by user charges.

Street	(D)	
Sweeping (C)	Bay Point (D)	Total
\$647.266	¢1 190 125	¢27 212 576
\$647,366	\$1,180,135	\$37,312,576 150,600
		·
		424,924 471,531
		248,294
		240,294
647,366	1,180,135	38,607,925
017,500	1,100,155	30,007,525
	406,232	16,279,300
	,	1,299,877
	138,280	7,202,996
	3,472	1,944,002
630,354	157,487	5,410,194
000,00.	107,107	1,774,024
		1,427,727
		1,127,727
630,354	705,471	35,338,120
17,012	474,664	3,269,805
	(55.206)	(422 (00)
21.006	(55,206)	(432,608)
21,886	76,327	1,243,479
		1,540,614
		36,540
		13,086
		51,758
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		3,111,068
21,886	21,121	5,563,937
21,000	21,121	3,303,737
38,898	495,785	8,833,742
,	,	
		1,066,667
	(141,900)	(1,066,667)
	(141,900)	
28 808	252 995	Q Q22 712
38,898	353,885	8,833,742
1,149,155	7,578,970	167,583,623
1,117,100	1,510,510	101,000,020
\$1,188,053	\$7,932,855	\$176,417,365



STATISTICAL SECTION



RECYCLED WATER FACILITY - CHLORINE CONTACT TANKS



STATISTICAL SECTION Table of Contents

DELTA DIABLO Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

This section of the District's comprehensive annual report provides detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health. Information provided in this section is not subject to an independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
Net Position by Component69
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position70
Total Revenues By Source
Total Expenses By Category
Revenue Capacity
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant revenue sources.
Major Revenue Base and Rates
Service Charges and Service Charges as a Percentage of Total Operating Revenue74
Principal Customers
Debt Capacity
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District current level of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.
Outstanding Debt By Type and Debt per Capita
Pledged-Revenue Coverage

STATISTICAL SECTION Table of Contents

DELTA DIABLO Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Demographics and Economic Information

These schedules contain demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

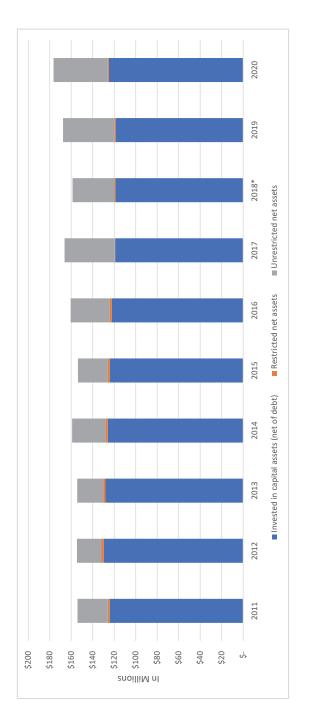
Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and activities/programs it performs.

About the District	. 79
Number of District Employees By Department/Function	. 80
Operating and Capital Indicators By	81

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual audited financial reports for the relevant year.

(accrual basis of accounting) DELTA DIABLO
Net Position By Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018*	2019	2020
Net Position Component Invested in capital assets (net of debt) \$ 124,147,282 \$ 129,564,959	\$ 124,147,282	\$ 129,564,959	\$ 128,104,632	\$ 125,917,417	\$ 123,992,770	\$ 122,139,055	\$ 119,128,874	\$ 118,740,378	\$ 125.917.417 \$ 123.992.770 \$ 122.139.055 \$ 119.128.874 \$ 118.740.378 \$ 118.356.795 \$ 124.929.747	\$ 124,929,747
Restricted net assets	1,796,301	2,307,508	2,088,821	2,088,848	2,087,120	2,086,398	378,358	929,736	1,008,283	1,008,283
Unrestricted net assets	28,186,209	•	24,176,242	31,151,027	27,642,843	36,317,897	46,684,135	39,072,410	4	50,479,335
Total Net Position	\$ 154,129,792	\$ 154,129,792 \$ 154,644,712 \$	\$ 154,369,695	\$ 159,157,292	\$ 153,722,733	\$ 160,543,350	\$ 166,191,367	\$ 158,742,524	154,369,695 \$ 159,157,292 \$ 153,722,733 \$ 160,543,350 \$ 166,191,367 \$ 158,742,524 \$ 167,583,623 \$ 176,417,365	\$ 176,417,365

Source: Delta Diablo Audited Financial Statements * Includes GASB 68 prior year adjustment of \$6M and a \$3.7M write-off of construction in progress.

DELTA DIABLO
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Operating Revenues Service charges Discharge permits Household hazardous waste operating fees Miscellaneous	\$ 21,650,025 191,200 464,830 351,168	\$ 23,741,202 148,900 471,627 547,008	\$ 25,824,829 186,200 457,034 554,666	\$ 27,151,658 167,150 437,394 641,136	\$ 28,626,113 158,950 450,714 641,137	\$ 30,755,640 145,750 468,206 699,005	\$ 31,572,922 124,250 472,479 613,001	\$ 32,389,604 161,900 471,923 499,084	\$ 35,484,438 144,000 497,828 465,796	\$ 37,312,576 150,600 424,924 471,531
Work for Others 2	2,022,277	1,448,157	1,479,705	915,624	896,889	676,712	912,159	170,081	215,136	248,294
Total operating revenues	24,679,500	26,356,894	28,502,434	29,312,962	30,773,803	32,745,313	33,694,811	33,692,592	36,807,198	38,607,925
Operating Expenses										
Salaries and benefits Chemicals	13,089,446	13,892,968	17,593,719	3 13,500,132	12,304,139	12,796,436	16,951,986	18,083,303	17,604,581	16,279,300
Depreciation (Note 5)	5,990,441	6,279,367	6,506,348	6,821,159	6,959,201	6,993,567	6,881,767	6,897,318	6,926,195	7,202,996
Office expense and operating expense	1,460,196	1,522,907	1,743,582	1,709,046	1,844,178	1,942,438	1,998,743	2,100,498	1,901,272	1,944,002
Outside service and maintenance	3,368,044	3,833,246	3,810,858	4,071,441	4,445,466	5,265,128	4,137,773	5,352,273	5,652,901	5,410,194
Other	1,441,417	1,349,343	1,444,024	1,600,934	1,400,043	1,488,734	1,743,270	1,730,048	1,799,570	1,774,024
Total operating expenses	26,620,269	28,471,173	32,539,169	29,000,017	28,183,564	29,817,888	32,903,582	35,478,743	35,375,083	35,338,120
Operating Income/(Loss)	(1,940,769)	(2,114,279)	(4,036,735)	312,945	2,590,239	2,927,425	791,229	(1,786,151)	1,432,115	3,269,805
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest expense	(1.174.581)	(1.025.593)	(868.105)	(695.818)	(735.098)	(662.132)	(371.091)	(572.957)	(670,360)	(432.608)
Interest income	275,653	151,223	189,139	174,179	207,369	297,905	359,034	678,535	1,606,118	1.243,479
Capital facilities capacity charges	2,160,678	1,687,667	2,280,985	2,250,790	1,926,982	2,031,409	2,359,761	992,717	2,636,962	1,540,614
Lease revenue	35,773	35,949	36,125	36,125	36,125	36,125	36,540	36,332	36,540	36,540
Gain (Loss) on sale of asset	0000	5,295	20,382	(415,681)	4,034	(217,711)	3,739	29,357	11,277	13,086
State grants Federal grants	389,697	1,742	(1,/42)	512,404	160,683	37,500	,	194.014	519.391	51.758
Subgrants	288,023	181,749	272,185	914,469	203,021	139,638	13,298	4,567	291,476	
Property taxes	1,662,436	1,591,167	1,627,706	1,698,184	1,974,773	2,230,458	2,455,507	2,679,597	2,977,580	3,111,068
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses), net	5,116,063	2,629,199	3,761,718	4,474,652	3,777,889	3,893,192	4,856,788	4,042,162	7,408,984	5,563,937
Net Income/(Loss)	3,175,294	514,920	(275,017)	4,787,597	6,368,128	6,820,617	5,648,017	2,256,011	8,841,099	8,833,742
Net Position, Beginning of Year Prior Period Adjustment ⁴	150,954,498	154,129,792	154,644,712	154,369,695	159,157,292 (11,802,687)	153,722,733	160,543,350	166,191,367 (9,704,854)	158,742,524	167,583,623
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 154,129,792	\$ 154,644,712	\$ 154,369,695	\$159,157,292	\$ 153,722,733	\$ 160,543,350	\$ 166,191,367	\$ 158,742,524	\$ 167,583,623	\$ 176,417,365

Source: Delta Diablo Audited Financial Statements

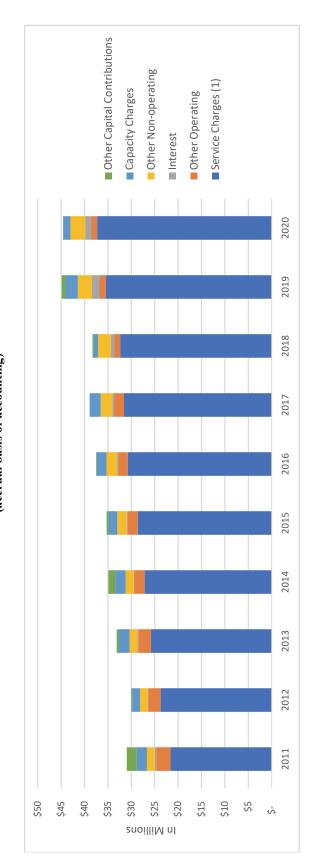
Note: (1) Service Charges is comprised of Wastewater Sewer Service, Recycled Water, Street Sweeping, and Bay Point Collection Charges.

⁽²⁾ Prior to FY18/19, overhead from capital projects was reported as Work for Others. Commencing FY18/19, reported as transfer and eliminated for entity-wide statements.

⁽³⁾ Includes a one-time side fund payment made to CalPERS of \$3.9M.

 $^{^{(4)}}$ Implementation of GASB 68 and 75; write-off of construction in progress.

DELTA DIABLO
Total Revenue By Source
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)



				Rev	Revenue Sources			
Fiscal Year	Service Charges ⁽¹⁾	Other Operating	ī	Interest	Other Non-Operating	Capacity Charges	Other Capital Contributions (2)	Total
2011	\$ 21,650,025	\$ 3,029,475	S	275,653	\$ 1,698,209	\$	\$ 2,156,104	\$ 30,970,144
2012	23,741,202	2,615,692		151,223	1,632,411	1,687,667	183,491	30,011,686
2013	25,824,829	2,677,605		189,139	1,684,213	(1	475,486	33,132,257
2014	27,151,658	2,161,304		174,179	1,734,309	(1	1,426,873	34,899,113
2015	28,626,113	2,147,690		207,369	2,014,932		363,704	35,286,790
2016	30,755,640	1,989,673		297,905	2,266,583		177,138	37,518,348
2017	31,572,922	2,121,889		359,034	2,495,786	2,359,761	13,298	38,922,690
2018	32,389,604	1,302,988		678,535	2,745,286	992,717	198,581	38,307,711
2019	35,484,438	1,322,760		1,606,118	3,025,397	2,636,962	810,867	44,886,542
2020	37,312,576	1,295,349		1,243,479	3,160,694	1,540,614	51,758	44,604,470

Source: Delta Diablo Audited Financial Statements

Note: (1) Service Charges is comprised of Wastewater Sewer Service, Recycled Water, Street Sweeping, and Bay Point Collection Charges.

⁽²⁾ The District received capital contributions either in the form of State, Subgrants and/or Federant grants.

DELTA DIABLO
Total Expense By Category
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)



					Expens	Expense Categories				
Fiscal	Salaries &	Ü	Chemicals &	Dep	Depreciation &	Other		Other		
Year	Benefits		Utilities	An	Amortization	Operating	Interest	Non-operating	Total	al
2011	\$ 13,089,446	\$	2,586,077	\$	5,990,441	\$ 4,954,305	\$ 1,174,581		\$ 27,79	27,794,850
2012	13,892,968		2,815,572		6,279,367	5,483,266	1,025,593		29,46	29,496,766
2013	17,593,719	Ξ	2,755,742		6,506,348	5,683,360	868,105		33,4(33,407,274
2014	13,500,132		2,767,263		6,821,159	5,911,463	695,818	415,681	30,1]	30,111,516
2015	12,304,139		2,567,767		6,959,201	6,352,457	735,098		28,9	28,918,662
2016	12,796,436		2,649,252		6,993,567	7,378,633	662,132	217,711	30,69	30,697,731
2017	16,951,986	(2)	2,772,504		6,881,767	6,297,325	371,091		33,27	33,274,673
2018	18,083,303	(2)	2,908,186		6,897,318	7,589,936	572,957		36,05	36,051,700
2019	17,604,581		3,204,882		6,926,195	7,639,425	670,360		36,05	36,045,443
2020	16,279,300		3,073,901		7,202,996	8,781,923	432,608		35,77	35,770,728

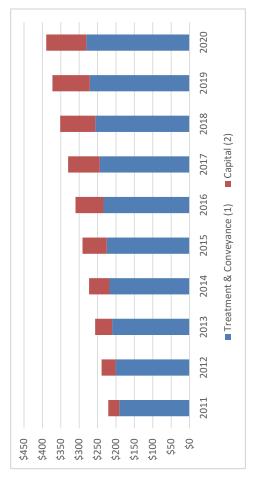
Source: Delta Diablo Audited Financial Statements

Note: (1) Includes a one-time side fund payment made to CALPERS of \$3.9M.

(3) Loss on disposition of capital assets.

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Includes adjustment for Implementation of GASB 68.

DELTA DIABLO
Major Revenue Base and Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years



	Annual S	Annual Sewer Service Charge	harge	
Fiscal	Treatment &			Capacity
Year	Conveyance (1)	Capital ⁽²⁾	Total	Charges (3)
2011	\$191	\$30	\$222	\$4,444
2012	201	38	238	4,444
2013	211	46	257	4,444
2014	218	55	273	4,444
2015	225	99	291	4,444
2016	234	92	310	4,444
2017	244	98	330	4,444
2018	256	95	352	4,444
2019	271	102	373	4,444
2020	281	109	389	4,444

Source: Delta Diablo Rate Ordinance

Commercial user charges consist of an annual rate x hundred cubic feet (HCF) of water consumed except for customers with less than 90 HCF Note: (1) Average annual flat fee (Zone 1-3) per Equivalent Residential Unit (ERU). Multi-family properties, multiply # of ERU x annual flat fee. of water consumed, which are assessed an annual flat fee.

⁽²⁾ Average annual flat fee (Zone 1-3) for Capital Asset and Capital Asset Replacement. Starting in FY11-12 includes an Advance Treatment Plant component.

DELTA DIABLO
Service Charges as a Percentage of Total Operating Revenue
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	20	2010 - 2011	~	2019 - 2020	
Service Charges:					
Waste Water Sewer	↔	17,602,234	S	31,855,654	
Recycled Water		2,655,480		3,629,421	
Street Sweeping		595,484		647,366	
Baypoint		796,827		1,180,135	
Total Service Charges	\$	21,650,025	S	37,312,576	
Total Operating Revenues	8	24,679,500	≶	38,607,925	
Service Charges as a Percentage of Total Operating Revenue		%88		%16	

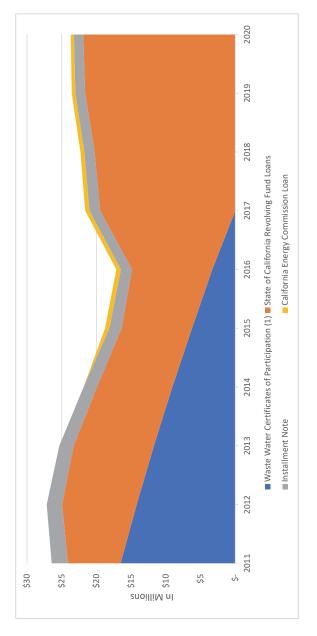
Principal Customers - Revenue Capacity Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			FY 2010-2011 Service Charge		Percentage of Total Annual	FY 2019-2020 Service Charge		Percentage of Total Annual	
Customer	Business Type	City	Annual Billing	Rank	Billings	Annual Billing	Rank	Billings	
Calpine (1)	Utility	Pittsburg	\$ 2,897,764	1	13.4%	\$ 4,015,230	1	10.8%	
Dow Chemical	Manufacturing	Pittsburg	87,200	9	0.4%	287,109	2	%8.0	
Angelica Healthcare	Service	Antioch/Pittsburg (2)	99,752	5	0.5%	266,612	3	0.7%	
Kirker Creek Apartments	Housing	Pittsburg			%0.0	216,654	4	%9.0	
Antioch Unified School District	School	Antioch	85,711	7	0.4%	171,089	5	0.5%	
Villas at San Marcos	Housing	Pittsburg			%0.0	134,309	9	0.4%	
Rivershore Apartments	Housing	Bay Point			%0.0	133,486	7	0.4%	
he Meadows Trailer Park	Housing	Pittsburg			%0.0	119,919	8	0.3%	
Pittsburg Unified School District	School	Pittsburg	66,712	8	0.3%	119,103	6	0.3%	
Oakwood Village Apartments	Housing	Antioch			%0.0	118,521	10	0.3%	
GWF Power Systems - Site II & III	Manufacturing	Pittsburg	176,075	2	%8.0				
The City of Pittsburg	City Government	Pittsburg	149,551	3	0.7%				
JSS/POSCO Industries	Manufacturing	Pittsburg	104,142	4	0.5%				
Williams Sanitary	Service	Antioch	65,001	6					
G&K Services	Service	Pittsburg	44,145	10					
All Other (3)		Combined Area	17,873,970		82.6%	31,730,544		85.0%	
			\$ 21,650,025		100.0%	\$ 37,312,576		100.0%	

Source: Delta Diablo Audited Financial Statements and Billing Records

Note: (1) Calpine is the District's largest Recycled Water customer, data includes Recycled Water charges (2) Angelica Healthcare was in Antioch until FY2008-09 where it relocated to Pittsburg. (3) "All Other" customers (includes residential, commercial customers) when listed individually is less than 0.5% of Total Annual Service Charges Billings covering all three cities served.

DELTA DIABLO
Outstanding Debt by Type and Debt Per Capita
Last Ten Fiscal Years



Debt Per Capita ⁽³⁾	139	141	130	110	93	84	105	108	110	110
Ğ Ö	↔									
Population Estimates (2)	189,700	192,707	195,392	198,473	200,942	203,759	204,971	207,057	214,327	214,862
Total	\$ 26,442,120	27,161,120	25,354,929	21,845,681	18,765,591	17,131,222	21,615,343	22,302,401	23,555,562	23,708,546
California Energy Commission Loan	•				\$ 630,000	969;599	608,219	560,267	511,833	462,927
Installment Note	2,344,210	2,212,746	2,072,577	1,923,203	1,764,088	1,594,676	1,542,156	1,483,830	1,419,331	1,348,274
State of California Revolving Fund Loans	\$ 7,580,161	10,754,568	11,568,040	10,854,596	10,134,156	11,570,850	19,464,968	20,258,304	21,624,398	21,897,345
Waste Water Certificates of Participation (1)	\$ 16,517,749	14,193,806	11,714,312	9,067,882	6,237,347	3,310,000				
Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Source: Delta Diablo Audited Financial Statements

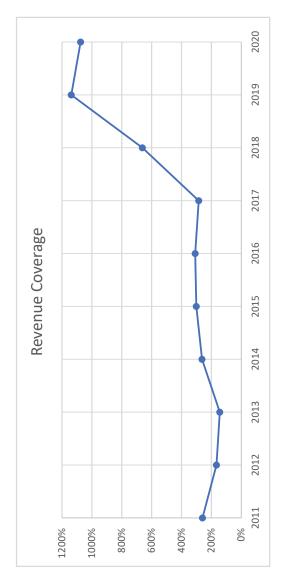
Notes: Debt amounts exclude premiums, discounts, or other amounts.

(1) Includes accrued interest. Matured in 2016.

 $\sp(2)$ Demographics and Economic Statistics (Statistical section)

 ${}^{(3)}\,Debt\,per\;Capita=Total\;Debt/Population\;Estimate.$

DELTA DIABLO
Pledged Revenue Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years



			Net Revenue	Debt	Debt Service Requirements	ments	
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available for				
Year	Revenue (1)	Expenses (2)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2011	\$ 30,970,144	\$ 21,804,409	\$ 9,165,735	\$ 3,506,189	\$ 25,475	\$ 3,531,664	260%
2012	30,011,686	23,217,399	6,794,287	3,951,703	140,199	4,091,902	166%
2013	33,132,257	26,900,926	6,231,331	3,635,223	700,029	4,335,252	144%
2014	34,899,113	23,290,357	11,608,756	4,172,818	248,160	4,420,978	
2015	35,286,790	21,959,461	13,327,329	4,194,555	233,724	4,428,279	
2016	37,518,348	23,704,164	13,814,184	4,253,312	226,260	4,479,572	308%
2017	38,922,690	26,392,906	12,529,784	4,178,887	221,286	4,400,173	
2018	38,307,711	29,154,382	9,153,329	1,000,849	381,817	1,382,666	
2019	44,886,542	29,119,248		973,476	412,175	1,385,651	
2020	44,604,470	28,567,732		1,053,186	437,985	1,491,171	1075%

Source: Delta Diablo Audited Financial Statements

Note: Detail information on long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

(2) Does not include depreciation and amortization

⁽¹⁾ All revenues including capacity charges and other capital contributions

DELTA DIABLO
Principal Employers in the District
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2020 (1)			2010 (1)	
				Percent of			Percent of
		Estimated		District	Estimated		District
Employer (1)	Industry ⁽²⁾	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Pittsburg Unified School District	Schools-Universities	1,242	1	1.27%	898	4	0.96%
Kaiser Permanente	Hospitals/Clinics	096	2	0.98%	2,040	1	2.25%
Antioch Unified School District	Schools-Universities	(4)	3		1,626	2	1.79%
Sutter Delta Medical Center	Hospitals/Clinics	872	4	0.89%	830	5	0.92%
Los Medanos Community College	Schools-Universities	584	5	%09.0	520	9	0.57%
Walmart	Retail	582	9	0.59%	320	6	0.35%
USS-POSCO	Manufacturing	581	7	0.59%	1,000	3	1.10%
Dow Chemical Company	Manufacturing	350	8	0.36%	425	7	0.47%
Contra Costa County Social Services	Family Services	(4)	6		419	8	0.46%
City of Antioch	Hospitals/Clinics	300	10		300	10	0.33%
All Others		92,537			82,352		
Total (3)		98,000			90,700		

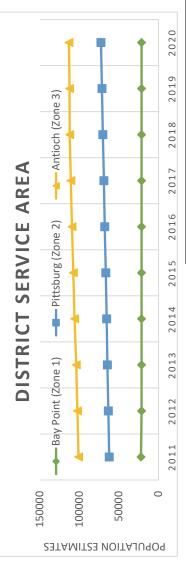
Source: (1) City of Antioch and City of Pittsburg 2019/2010 CAFR

 $^{(2)}$ State of California, Employment Development , Major Employers (Industry Type)

 $^{(3)}$ State of California , Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information

(4) Information not avaliable for City of Antioch 2019 CAFR

DELTA DIABLO
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal or Calendar Years



Fiscal Year Population Estimates for the District's Service Area Antioch ($^{\circ}$) Firsburg ($^{\circ}$) Antioch ($^{\circ}$) Total Population ($^{\circ}$) Income ($^{\circ}$) Personal Anemployment Ended June 30 (Zone 1) (Zone 2) (Zone 3) Total Population ($^{\circ}$) Income ($^{\circ}$) Income ($^{\circ}$) Rate ($^{\circ}$) 2011 21,349 64,483 103,868 189,700 1,070,440 \$66,341,299 \$61,530 9,7 2012 21,349 66,499 107,544 195,392 1,083,937 \$66,607,757 \$60,883 8,2 2014 21,349 66,499 100,275 198,473 1,098,018 \$69,818,812 \$60,883 8,2 2015 2013 110,698 200,942 1,112,328 \$76,517,699 \$6,8123 8,2 2016 21,349 70,233 112,280 204,901 1,112,328 \$76,517,699 \$6,81,239 \$6,499 2018							Contra C	Contra Costa County	
Bay Point (1) Pittsburg (2) Antioch (2) Total Population (2) Income (3) Income (3) Unemployment (3) (Zone 1) (Zone 2) (Zone 3) Total Population (2) Income (3) Income (3) Income (3) 21,349 (64,483) 103,868 189,700 1,070,440 \$ 66,344,299 \$ 61,530 21,349 (66,499) 107,544 195,392 1,083,937 \$ 66,607,757 \$ 60,883 21,349 66,499 107,544 195,392 1,098,018 \$ 66,607,757 \$ 60,883 21,349 67,849 109,275 198,473 1,103,288 \$ 66,07,757 \$ 60,883 21,349 68,895 110,698 200,942 1,112,328 \$ 76,517,699 \$ 68,123 21,349 70,233 112,177 203,759 1,113,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,840 21,349 72,647 113,061 204,971 1,119,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 21,349 72,541 113,061 214,327 1,155,879 n/a<	Popu	lation Estimates	for the District's	Service Area				Per Capita	Average Annual
(Zone 1) (Zone 2) (Zone 3) Total Population (2) Income (3) Income (3) Income (3) Rate (4) 21,349 64,483 103,868 189,700 1,059,557 \$ 61,156,431 \$ 57,363 Rate (4) 21,349 65,407 107,944 1,059,507 \$ 66,647,757 \$ 60,883 \$ 62,957 21,349 66,499 107,544 195,392 1,083,937 \$ 66,607,757 \$ 60,883 21,349 67,849 109,275 198,473 1,098,018 \$ 69,818,812 \$ 62,957 21,349 68,895 110,698 200,942 1,112,328 \$ 76,517,699 \$ 68,123 21,349 70,233 112,177 203,759 1,127,279 \$ 80,412,234 \$ 70,840 21,349 72,647 113,061 204,971 1,139,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,886 21,349 72,647 113,061 214,327 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 22,788 72,541 110,128 202,21 1,153,561 1,149,367<	Year	Bay Point (1)	Pittsburg (2)	Antioch (2)			Personal	Personal	Unemployment
21,349 64,483 103,868 189,700 1,059,557 \$ 61,156,431 \$ 57,363 21,349 65,407 105,951 192,707 1,070,440 \$ 66,344,299 \$ 61,530 21,349 66,499 107,544 195,392 1,083,937 \$ 66,607,757 \$ 60,883 21,349 66,499 107,544 198,473 1,098,018 \$ 69,818,812 \$ 62,957 21,349 68,895 110,698 200,942 1,112,328 \$ 76,517,699 \$ 68,123 21,349 70,233 112,177 203,759 1,127,279 \$ 80,412,234 \$ 70,840 21,349 70,247 113,061 204,971 1,139,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,886 21,349 72,647 113,061 207,057 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 27,885 72,541 113,901 214,327 1,155,879 n/a n/a 28,021 74,321 110,128 202,219 1,163,361 n/a n/a 11% 34,67 69,422<	une 30	(Zone 1)	(Zone 2)	(Zone 3)	Total	Population (2)	Income (3)	Income (3)	Rate (4)
21,349 65,407 105,951 192,707 1,070,440 \$ 66,34,299 \$ 61,530 21,349 66,499 107,544 195,392 1,083,937 \$ 66,607,757 \$ 60,883 21,349 67,849 109,275 198,473 1,098,018 \$ 69,818,812 \$ 62,957 21,349 68,895 110,698 200,942 1,112,328 \$ 76,517,699 \$ 68,123 21,349 70,233 112,177 203,759 1,127,279 \$ 80,412,234 \$ 70,840 21,349 72,647 113,061 204,971 1,139,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,886 21,349 72,647 113,061 207,057 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 27,885 72,541 113,901 214,327 1,153,561 n/a n/a 28,021 69,422 110,128 202,219 1,153,561 n/a n/a 11% 34% 54% 100% 8 1,153,561 n/a n/a	11	21,349	64,483	103,868	189,700	1,059,557	\$ 61,156,431		10.8
21,349 66,499 107,544 195,392 1,083,937 \$ 66,607,757 \$ 60,883 21,349 67,849 109,275 198,473 1,098,018 \$ 69,818,812 \$ 62,957 21,349 68,895 110,698 200,942 1,112,328 \$ 76,517,699 \$ 68,123 21,349 70,233 112,177 203,759 1,127,279 \$ 80,412,234 \$ 70,840 21,349 72,647 113,061 204,971 1,139,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,886 21,349 72,541 113,061 207,057 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 22,8021 74,321 113,501 214,862 1,155,879 n/a n/a 22,670 69,422 110,128 202,219 n/a n/a n/a 11% 34% 54% 100% 9 1,153,561 1,13 1	12	21,349	65,407	105,951	192,707	1,070,440	\$ 66,344,299		7.6
21,349 67,849 109,275 198,473 1,098,018 \$ 69,818,812 \$ 62,957 21,349 68,895 110,698 200,942 1,112,328 \$ 76,517,699 \$ 68,123 21,349 70,233 112,177 203,759 1,127,279 \$ 80,412,234 \$ 70,840 21,349 71,342 112,280 204,971 1,139,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,886 21,349 72,647 113,061 207,057 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 27,885 72,541 113,901 214,327 1,155,879 n/a n/a 28,021 74,321 112,520 214,862 1,153,561 n/a n/a 22,670 69,422 110,128 202,219 1,153,561 n/a n/a 11% 34% 54% 100% 9 1,153,67 1,153,67 1,153,67	113	21,349	66,499	107,544	195,392	1,083,937	\$ 66,607,757	\$ 60,883	8.2
21,349 68,895 110,698 200,942 1,112,328 \$ 76,517,699 \$ 68,123 21,349 70,233 112,177 203,759 1,127,279 \$ 80,412,234 \$ 70,840 21,349 71,342 112,280 204,971 1,139,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,886 21,349 72,647 113,061 207,057 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 27,885 72,541 113,901 214,327 1,155,879 n/a n/a 28,021 74,321 112,520 214,862 1,153,561 n/a n/a 22,670 69,422 110,128 202,219 1,153,561 n/a n/a 11% 34% 54% 100% 9 1,153,561 n/a 1,18	14	21,349	67,849	109,275	198,473	1,098,018	\$ 69,818,812	\$ 62,957	8.9
21,349 70,233 112,177 203,759 1,127,279 \$ 80,412,234 \$ 70,840 21,349 71,342 112,280 204,971 1,139,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,886 21,349 72,647 113,061 207,057 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 27,885 72,541 113,901 214,327 1,155,879 n/a n/a 28,021 74,321 112,520 214,862 1,153,561 n/a n/a 22,670 69,422 110,128 202,219 1,153,561 n/a n/a 11% 34% 54% 100% 9 1,153,67 1,153,67 1,153,67	115	21,349	568,895	110,698	200,942	1,112,328	\$ 76,517,699		9.5
21,349 71,342 112,280 204,971 1,139,313 \$ 88,024,256 \$ 76,886 21,349 72,647 113,061 207,057 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 27,885 72,541 113,901 214,327 1,155,879 n/a n/a 28,021 74,321 112,520 214,862 1,153,561 n/a n/a 22,670 69,422 110,128 202,219 n/a n/a n/a 11% 34% 54% 100% n/a n/a n/a	116	21,349	70,233	112,177	203,759	1,127,279	\$ 80,412,234		<i>L</i> .4
21,349 72,647 113,061 207,057 1,149,363 \$ 94,900,003 \$ 82,506 27,885 72,541 113,901 214,327 1,155,879 n/a n/a 28,021 74,321 112,520 214,862 1,153,561 n/a n/a 22,670 69,422 110,128 202,219 100% 9	17	21,349	71,342	112,280	204,971	1,139,313	\$ 88,024,256	\$ 76,886	4.2
27,885 72,541 113,901 214,327 1,155,879 n/a n/a n/a 28,021 74,321 112,520 214,862 1,153,561 n/a n/a 22,670 69,422 110,128 202,219 84% 100% 84% 100%)18	21,349	72,647	113,061	207,057	1,149,363	\$ 94,900,003		3.5
28,021 74,321 112,520 214,862 1,153,561 n/a n/a n/a 22,670 69,422 110,128 202,219 8 100% 8)19	27,885	72,541	113,901	214,327	1,155,879	n/a	n/a	3.4
1 22,670 69,422 110,128 20. 11% 34% 54%	020	28,021	74,321	112,520	214,862	1,153,561	n/a	n/a	4.0
11% 34% 54%	(10 years)	22,670	69,422	110,128	202,219				
	of Total	11%			100%				

Source: (1) U. S. Census Bureau -2010-2017 Census People Quick Facts, population 2010 or latest estimates available.

Notes: Data shown as n/a denotes information is not available.

The district is located in Contra Costa County and serves 3 cities (Bay Point, Pittsburg and Antioch) within the county.

 $^{^{(2)}\}mathrm{California}$ Department of Finance, Estimate for January 1 of each year.

 $^{^{(3)}}$ U.S. Department of Commerce-Bureau of Economic Analysis (thousands).

⁽⁴⁾ Federal Reserve Economic Data-Economic Research Division.

DELTA DIABLO About the District

Date of Formation	1955					
Number of employee positions filled	72					
Governing Body	Three appointe [or Designee]),	Three appointed Board Members (The Mayors of the City of Pittsburg [or Designee]), and the Contra Costa County Supervisor of Bay Point.	(The May	yors of th	e City of Pitts visor of Bay Pe	Three appointed Board Members (The Mayors of the City of Pittsburg [or Designee] and City of Antioch [or Designee]), and the Contra Costa County Supervisor of Bay Point.
Services Provided	Wastewater trea Street Sweeping	Wastewater treatment and disposal, Recycled Water, Hous Street Sweeping and Wastewater collection for Bay Point.	al, Recycl	led Water n for Bay	, Household F Point.	Wastewater treatment and disposal, Recycled Water, Household Hazardous Waste Facility and disposal, Street Sweeping and Wastewater collection for Bay Point.
Service Areas in Contra Costa County	Square Miles	Population Estimates (1)	Per Capita Income ⁽²⁾	apita le ⁽²⁾	Household Income ⁽²⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽³⁾
Bay Point (Unincorporated)	7	28,021	\$	20,289	\$ 55,856	16.5%
Pittsburg (City)	18	74,321	8	28,258	\$ 70,770	12.9%
Antioch (City)	29	112,520	\$	28,138	\$ 71,422	13.4%
Total	54	214,862				
Weighted Average District Area Per Capita Income Weighted Average District Area Per Household Income Weighted Average District Area Unemployment (based on District population)	ome Income (based on District	: population)	↔	27,156	\$ 69,166	13.6%

Number

umber of Facilities:			
Treatment Plants	1	Recycled Water Plants	
Miles of Sanitary Sewer	73.5	Miles of Recycled Water Main	16
Pump Stations	5	Recycled Water Reservoirs	3
Household Hazardous Waste Facilities	1		

Source: Delta Diablo Records

Notes: (1) Demographic and Economic Statistics Section of this report.

(2) U.S. Census Bureau, State & County Quick Facts, 2017 Dollars

(3) State of California, Employment Development Department, Monthly Labor Force Data for Cities and Census Designated Places (2019 Preliminary, data not seasonally adjusted)

DELTA DIABLO
District Employees By Department
Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal	Fiscal Year Ending June 30	ling June	30			
Department/Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Administration	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	6.00	8.00	8.00	7.00
Public Information ¹	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sub-total Administrative Services Department	00.6	9.00	00.6	00.6	00.6	00.6	10.00	8.00	8.00	7.00
Human Resources and Safety	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Finance	5.80	5.80	5.80	00.9	00.9	5.00	00.9	00.9	5.00	5.00
Information systems	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Public Information ¹	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Purchasing	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Sub-total Business Services Department	12.80	12.80	10.80	11.00	12.00	11.00	12.00	13.00	11.00	11.00
Engineering Services	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	11.00	9.00
Sub-total Engineering Services	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	11.00	9.00
Maintenance	19.00	18.00	19.00	19.00	18.00	18.00	21.00	19.00	17.00	17.00
Collection	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Plant Operations	18.00	18.00	18.00	17.00	18.00	17.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
Laboratory, pre-treatment, pollution prevention	7.00	6.00	00.9	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	00.9	6.00
Sub-total Operations Services	46.00	44.00	45.00	43.00	43.00	43.00	48.00	46.00	45.00	45.00
Total Number of Active Positions Filled	77.80	75.80	74.80	<u>73.00</u>	<u>74.00</u>	74.00	<u>81.00</u>	<u>79.00</u>	75.00	72.00
Total Number of Budgeted Positions ²					76.80	78.80	82.00	81.00	78.00	79.00
Total Number of Retirees	25.00	28.00	31.00	33.00	39.00	42.00	46.00	50.00	56.00	00.09

Source: Delta Diablo Payroll and Financial Records

Note: Active positions filled and budgeted positions does not include Board members, temporary and/or summer co-op interns. Retiree count does not include spouses.

¹ Public Information was moved from Administration to Business Services in FY17/18.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Prior years Budgeted Positions not available.

DELTA DIABLO
Operating and Capital Indicators by Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years (FY) or Calendar Years (CY)

Program	Year	Unit	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Wastewater (WW)												
Number of Treatment Plants	CY		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of Sanitary Sewer	CY		71	71	71	71	71	71	73.5	71	73.5	73.5
Number of Pump Stations	CY		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Annual Average Influent Flow	CY	pgm	13.5	13.2	13.0	12.8	12.2	12.4	13.3	12.6	12.6	12.7
Treatment Plant Capacity (ADWF)	CY	pgm	16.5	16.5	16.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5
Average Dry Weather Flow (ADWF)	CY	mgd	13.2	12.7	13.1	12.5	11.8	12.3	12.8	12.4	12.4	12.5
Recycled Water (RW)												
Number of Recycled Water Reservoirs	CY		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Miles of Recycled Water Mains	CY		14.2	14.2	14.2	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2
Storage Capacity of Recycled Water Reservoirs	CY	gm	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Annual Average Recycled Water Produced	CY	pgm	5.8	7.9	8.0	7.2	9.9	6.4	4.4	6.2	6.2	5.6
Average Dry Weather Flow (ADWF)	CY	pgu	4.6	8.3	8.6	7.4	7.3	7.8	5.2	6.0	6.0	4.5
Household Hazardous Waste (HHW)												
Number of Households (est)	FY		97,714	95,064	95,656	97,837	99,036	100,249	101,954	103,153	102,923	102,159
Total Number of Vehicles	FY		12,661	14,345	14,609	14,560	15,504	16,071	17,465	19,151	20,005	13,521
Total Participation Rate	FY		13.0%	15.1%	15.3%	17.0%	15.7%	16.0%	17.1%	18.6%	19.4%	13.2%
Total Tons of Waste Collected	FY		562	498	434	399	441	516	533	545	256	338
Total Percent of Waste Recycled	FY		78.2%	74.9%	77.6%	73.0%	71.0%	%0.69	68.7%	72.4%	70.8%	73.8%
Street Sweeping												
Annual Curb Miles Swept	CY		25,114	25,380	25,494	25,609	25,724	25,840	25,989	25,989	25,989	25,989
Collection												
Miles of Collection Sewer Lines	CY		43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43

 $Source:\ Delta\ Diablo\ Records \\ mgd = \ million\ gallons\ per\ day, mg = million\ gallons$

